

RSCCD 100% SMOKE, VAPE, AND
TOBACCO-FREE POLICY
INITIATIVE

APPENDIX PACKET

by

ASGSAC Smoke-Free Campus Committee

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SAC Associated Student Government

Legislation Form

Legislative Type: Bill Resolution Recommendation

Legislative #: 20-21-01

Author: Avinash Ramaswamy Signature: 

Co-Author: SAC ASG Smoke-Free Campus Committee Signature: _____

Title: 100% Smoke, Vape, and Tobacco-Free District Policy Date: 05/18/2021

Whereas, *the Environmental Protection Agency has designated secondhand smoke to be a Group A carcinogen due to sufficient evidence that the substance causes cancer in humans¹, and whereas the Surgeon General has established that there is “no safe level of secondhand smoke exposure” and people both with and without medical conditions such as asthma, allergies and other chronic illnesses experience worsening health outcomes as a result of smoke exposure²;*

Whereas, *according to the 2021 California College and University Smoke/Tobacco-Free Policy (CCUSTFP) Report Card, presented by Campuses Organized & United For Good Health (COUGH) and the California Youth Advocacy Network (CYAN), 100% smoke and tobacco-free campus policies have been adopted by 60% of California Community Colleges and 100% of California Public Universities as of May 2021³;*

Whereas, *the current Rancho Santiago Community College District smoking policy received a C grade on a scale from F to A+ from the CCUSTFP Report Card, and whereas 100% smoke/tobacco/vape-free campus policies, which are awarded A+ grades, have been shown to be more effective in changing tobacco-use behavior and reducing tobacco/ nicotine exposure amongst college students compared to lower-graded policies³;*

Whereas, *according to a 2019 Rancho Santiago Community College District (RSCCD) survey including students, faculty, and staff, 56% of respondents reported regular exposure to second-hand smoke on district property, 63% of respondents stated they have had a negative experience caused by secondhand smoke on campus, 23% stated they have a health condition that can be worsened by second-hand smoke/vape, 64% believe the current smoking policy at RSCCD was only somewhat or not effective, and 84% were either in favor of (58.12%) or neutral (25.84%) on a 100% Smoke, Vape, and Tobacco Free (SVTF) District Board Policy;⁴ now, therefore, be it*

Resolved, *that the ASGSAC supports the development of a 100% Smoke, Vape, and Tobacco-Free RSCCD Policy and Administrative Regulation that prohibits the use of any smoking, vaping, and tobacco products on any RSCCD campuses and property, with consideration of adequate, non-disciplinary enforcement mechanisms;*

Resolved, *that the ASGSAC emphasizes the importance of bringing awareness of SVTF policies, campus cessation services, and external resources to affected individuals; and*

Resolved, *that the ASGSAC promotes that all students, faculty, and staff share in the responsibility for adhering to and making this public health advocacy policy successful.*

APPENDIX A

Resolution Sponsors:

- ASGSCC (Santiago Canyon College)
- SAC Health and Wellness Center
- TRUTH Initiative
- Waymakers OC
- SAC Student Life Office

Citations:

1. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (1992). *Respiratory Health Effects of Passive Smoking: Lung Cancer and Other Disorders*. Washington, D.C.: Office of Health and Environmental Assessment, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. Retrieved from https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2014-09/documents/passive_smoke.pdf.
2. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (2006). *The Health Consequences of Involuntary Exposure to Tobacco Smoke: A Report of the Surgeon General*. Atlanta, GA: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Office on Smoking and Health. Retrieved from <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK44324/>
3. California Youth Advocacy Network (2021). *California College and University Smoke/Tobacco-Free Policy Report Card*. Sacramento, CA: California Youth Advocacy Network, Campuses Organized & United for Good Health. Retrieved from <https://static1.squarespace.com/static/582cd52d2994caad8bdc9000/t/60b7a8513618585c28df370d/1622648926558/STF+College+and+University+Report+Card+2021.pdf>
4. RSCCD District Research, Planning & Institutional Effectiveness Department (2019). *Assessment of Smoking and Tobacco, 2019*. Santa Ana, CA: Rancho Santiago Community College District. Retrieved from https://drive.google.com/file/d/16BFjg9Wt6xxKuzvQwdDz_2q2s5VKIrvW/view?usp=sharing

Senate Branch			
For: 4	Against: 0	Abstain: 0	Date: 05/18/2021
Executive Branch			
For: 4	Against: 0	Abstain: 0	Date: 05/24/2021
ASG President			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Approve <input type="checkbox"/> Veto	Signature: <i>Monica Isabel Renteria</i>		Date: 05/24/2021




Santiago Canyon College
Associated Student Government
Resolution 2021.10

Subject: 100% Smoke, Vape, and Tobacco-Free Date: 3/15/21

Primary Author: Nathan Yi

Signature:

Co-Author: Henry Gardner

Signature: 

Type of Resolution:	Advocacy	Bylaw	Constitution
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Whereas, the Environmental Protection Agency has designated secondhand smoke to be a Group A carcinogen, where there is sufficient evidence that the substance causes cancer in humans and the Surgeon General has established that there is: “No safe level of second hand smoke exposure,” and that people with and without medical conditions such as asthma, allergies and other chronic illness experience worsening health outcomes as a result of smoke exposure;

Whereas, according to the California College and University Smoke/Tobacco-Free Policy Report Card, presented by Campuses Organized & United For Good Health (COUGH) and the California Youth Advocacy Network (CYAN), 100% smoke and tobacco-free campus policies have been adopted by 56% of California Community Colleges as of 2020 and have been shown to be effective in changing tobacco use behavior and reducing tobacco/nicotine exposure amongst college students; and


Whereas, according to a 2019 Rancho Santiago Community College District (RSCCD) survey, 63% of RSCCD students stated they have had a negative experience caused by secondhand smoke, 58% of students were in favor of a Smoke, Vape, and Tobacco Free (SVTF) District Board Policy, and that 64% of students stated that the current smoking policy at RSCCD was only somewhat or not effective; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, that the ASGSCC supports the development of a 100% SVTF RSCCD Board Policy and Administrative Regulation with consideration of adequate enforcement mechanisms;

Resolved, that the ASGSCC emphasizes the importance of bringing awareness of SVTF policies and cessation services to affected individuals; and

Resolved, that the ASGSCC promotes that all students, faculty, and staff share in the responsibility for adhering to and making this public health advocacy policy successful.

ASGSCC Senate								
Date of First Reading:	3/19/21	Chair Signature:						
Date of Second Reading:	waived	Chair Signature:						
Date of Vote:	3/19/21	Results:	For:	7	Against:	0	Abstained:	1

ASGSCC President							
Approve	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Veto	<input type="checkbox"/>	Signature:		Date:	03/25/2021
ASGSCC Senate							
Date of Vote:		Results:	For:		Against:		Abstained:

To whom it may concern,

I, Elisabeth Neely, the Student Trustee for Santa Ana and Santiago Canyon Community Colleges, advocate for and support a Smoke, Vape, and Tobacco Free District Board Policy to be established and implemented.

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has designated secondhand smoke to be a group A carcinogen, where there is significant evidence that the substance causes cancer in humans; and the Surgeon General has established that there is, “no safe level of secondhand smoke exposure.” In addition, people with or without medical conditions such as asthma, allergies, and other chronic illnesses experience worsening health outcomes as a result of smoke exposure.

According to a 2019 Rancho Santiago Community College District (RSCCD) survey, 63% of RSCCD students stated that they have had a negative experience caused by secondhand smoke, 58% of students were in favor of a Smoke, Vape, and Tobacco Free (SVTF) district board policy, and 64% of students stated that the current smoking policy at RSCCD was only somewhat or not effective.

It is the desire of the students, whose support continues to grow, for this policy to be established and implemented in both Santa Ana and Santiago Canyon Community Colleges.

Please reach out if you need anything else from me.

Respectfully,

Elisabeth Neely

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'E. Neely', with a stylized flourish at the end.

RSCCD Student Trustee

Nabel Martinez
611 N Bristol St, #8
Santa Ana, CA 92703

October 6, 2021

To whom it may concern,

My name is Nabel Martinez. I am a freshman at Santa Ana College, pursuing to major in Nursing. I am writing to you to make my support be heard regarding the 100% Smoke and Tobacco-Free campus policy for our Rancho Santiago Community College District. A smoke-free campus will promote the importance of the health of students, staff, and faculties.

As an incoming freshman here at Santa Ana College, in the beginning, I had in mind that the campus would be smoke-free considering my previous school emphasized on this. During my first day here at Santa Ana College, one of the first things I noticed while walking towards the school, was the smell of cigarette smoke. It was unfortunate that this would be my first impression of my new school and possibly become other students first impression as well.

That is why, I am asking for you to vote in favor of the 100% Smoke and Tobacco-Free campus policy for our Rancho Santiago Community College District. It's important to implement the several ways that tobacco can have a serious influence on students and can lead to an unhealthy addiction.

Best,

Nabel Martinez



m07124@student.sac.edu

611 N Bristol St, #8
Santa Ana, CA 92703

Elizabeth Rocha
2255 N Shaffer St
Orange, CA 92865

October 5, 2021

To whom it may concern:

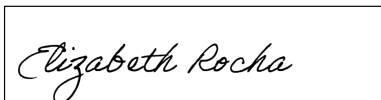
My name is Elizabeth Rocha and I reside on the Legislative Branch of ASG, I am writing to you to voice my support for a 100% Smoke and Tobacco-Free campus policy for our Rancho Santiago Community College District. Stopping the use of tobacco products on our community college campus can greatly reduce the number of young people becoming addicted to these harmful tobacco products.

On campus, even if a student does not smoke or vape they are still susceptible to second-hand smoke vapor. Second-hand smoke can have dire health risks and be more detrimental to students with compromised immune systems. Statistics from the CDC website state that second-hand smoke generates 34,000 premature deaths from heart disease, increases the risk for stroke by 20–30%, and causes more than 7,300 lung cancer deaths among U.S. nonsmokers each year. All of these illnesses that can be inflicted on innocent students who are solely trying to attend college to further their educational aspects.

For these reasons stated above, I am requesting you to vote in favor of the 100% Smoke, Vape, and Tobacco-Free campus and district policy, and protect our students from the harmful effects of second-hand smoke inhalation.

Respectfully,

Elizabeth Rocha



Elizabethustariz6891@gmail.com

2255 N Shaffer St
Orange, CA 92865

Scotty Escobar

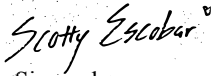
October 5th, 2021

To whom it may concern,

I am the senator of humanities at our campus's associated student government. I have been a long time student Santa Ana College and care deeply about policies and changes affecting our campus.

I am writing this letter to express my support for the RSCCD 100% Smoke, Vape, and Tobacco-Free District Policy. I support this policy to ensure that non-smoking students are not exposed to second-hand smoking.

Once again, I am in support of the 100% SVTF policy and would like for decision-makers to vote to adopt this policy.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Scotty Escobar". The signature is written in a cursive, slightly slanted style.

Sincerely,

Scotty Escobar

escobar.scotty@gmail.com

Phuong Anh Phi
11241 Parkview Lane
Garden Grove, CA 92843

October 7, 2021

To whom it may concern:

My name is Phuong Anh Phi. Currently, I am going to second year at Santa Ana College and majoring in Hospitality Management. I would like to support 100% Smoke and Tobacco-Free campus policy for our Rancho Santiago Community College District.

Smoking has serious negative health consequences. I personally do not care what you do to your own body but I do care that behavior affects the health of others student and people. The negative effects of smoking in public carry over into other people's lives with a tangible, measurable, and sometimes permanent impact.

For these reasons, I am asking you to vote in favor of the 100% Smoke, vape, and Tobacco -Free campus and district policy. Stopping the use of tobacco products on our community college campus can greatly reduce the tobacco products' harmful effects on people health as well as the educational environment.

Respectfully,

Anh

Phuong Anh Phi
Pp80992@student.sac.edu
11241 Parkview Lane
Garden Grove, CA 92843

Emely Vazquez
1530 W. 17th. St.
Santa Ana, CA 92706

October 3, 2021

To whom it may concern:

My name is Emely Vazquez, I am a Health Educator and co-lead for the Truth Initiative grant at Santa Ana College. For the last year I have spent my time educating our SAC community about the dangers of smoking, vaping, and other forms of tobacco use.

I am pleased to support a 100% Smoke, Vape, and Tobacco-Free campus district policy for our Rancho Santiago Community College District. Currently, smoking is only allowed in designated parking lots, however, cigarette litter and second-hand smoke exposure is an apparent issue throughout our SAC campus. In a cigarette campus clean-up where only one-fourth of the campus was covered, 198 tobacco related items were collected and removed. This means that exposure to second-hand smoke is truly not limited or restricted to a certain area like the current policy intends on doing.

The benefits of implementing a 100% smoke and tobacco free policy are clear. Not only will our campus be cleaner, but it will be a healthier and safer environment for students, faculty, staff, and visitors. I am asking for you to vote in favor of the 100% Smoke, Vape, and Tobacco-Free campus and district policy. In an institution focused on succeeding and thriving academically student should not have to fear for their health.

Respectfully,

Emely Vazquez

Vazquez_emely@sac.edu
1530 W. 17th. St.
Santa Ana, CA 92706

Angel Torres
President
SAC Anime Circle

October 1st, 2021

To Whom It May Concern:

I, Angel Torres, President of the SAC Anime Club, on behalf of the students of SAC Anime Club, am writing this letter to show our official support and endorsement for the Santa Ana College Associated Student Government Resolution #20-21-01 "100% Smoke, Vape, and Tobacco-Free District Policy."

The SAC Anime Circle is in full support of creating a district-wide policy to make all campuses and district property 100% Smoke-Free, Vape-Free, and Tobacco-Free, because no one in the club smokes or vapes, and we are tired of smoke polluting our fresh air on campus.


Date of Vote: September 28th, 2021 Votes in Favor: 10 Votes Against: 0 Abstentions: 0

Sincerely,
Angel Torres





Authorized by:

President: Angel Torres  Date: 10/01/2021
Name Name Signature mm/dd/yyyy

2nd: ICC Rep Bailey Fitzgerald  Date: 10/01/2021
Title Title Name Name Signature mm/dd/yyyy

[ASG SFCC USE ONLY]

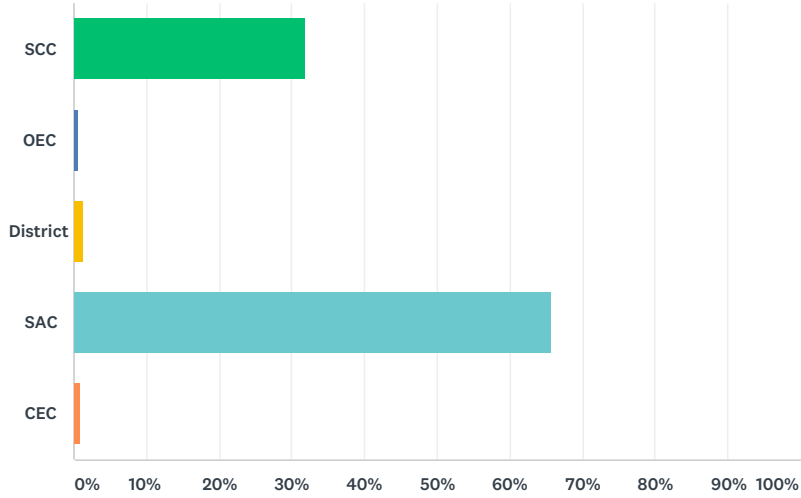
SFCC Chair: Avinash Ramaswamy  Date: 10/07/2021
Name Name Signature mm/dd/yyyy

SFCC Advisor: John Nguyen  Date: 10/07/2021
Name Name Signature mm/dd/yyyy

Assessment of Smoking and Tobacco, 2019

Q1 What is your primary campus affiliation?

Answered: 4,254 Skipped: 8

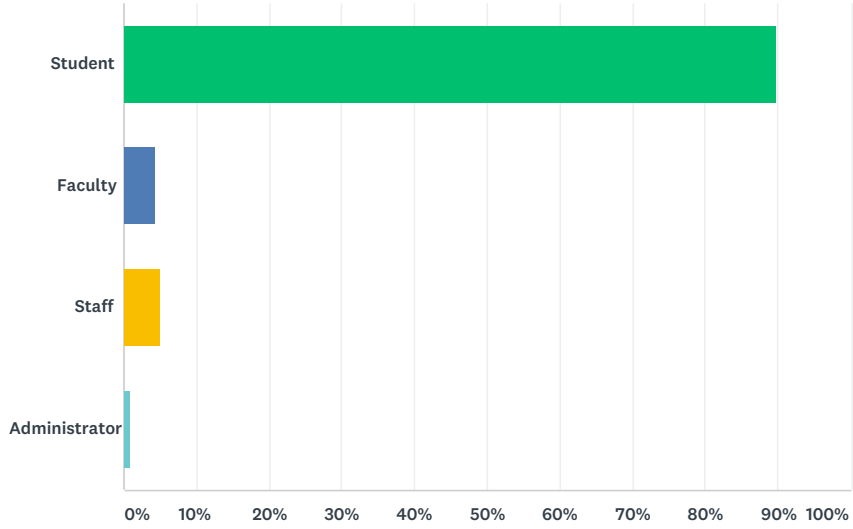


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
SCC	31.76%	1,351
OEC	0.61%	26
District	1.25%	53
SAC	65.63%	2,792
CEC	0.75%	32
TOTAL		4,254

Assessment of Smoking and Tobacco, 2019

Q2 Primary Status

Answered: 4,240 Skipped: 22

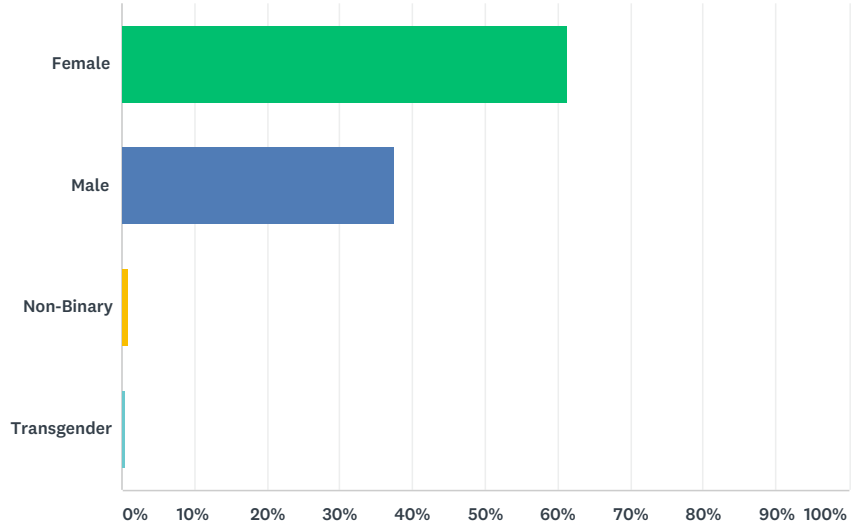


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Student	89.81%	3,808
Faculty	4.29%	182
Staff	5.00%	212
Administrator	0.90%	38
TOTAL		4,240

Assessment of Smoking and Tobacco, 2019

Q3 What is your gender?

Answered: 4,240 Skipped: 22

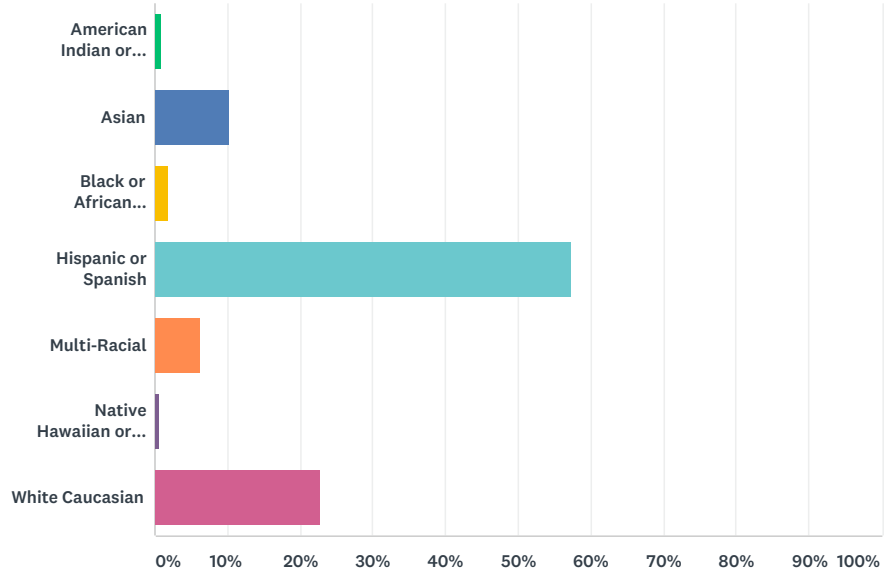


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Female	61.39%	2,603
Male	37.45%	1,588
Non-Binary	0.75%	32
Transgender	0.40%	17
TOTAL		4,240

Assessment of Smoking and Tobacco, 2019

Q4 What is your race/ethnicity?

Answered: 4,203 Skipped: 59

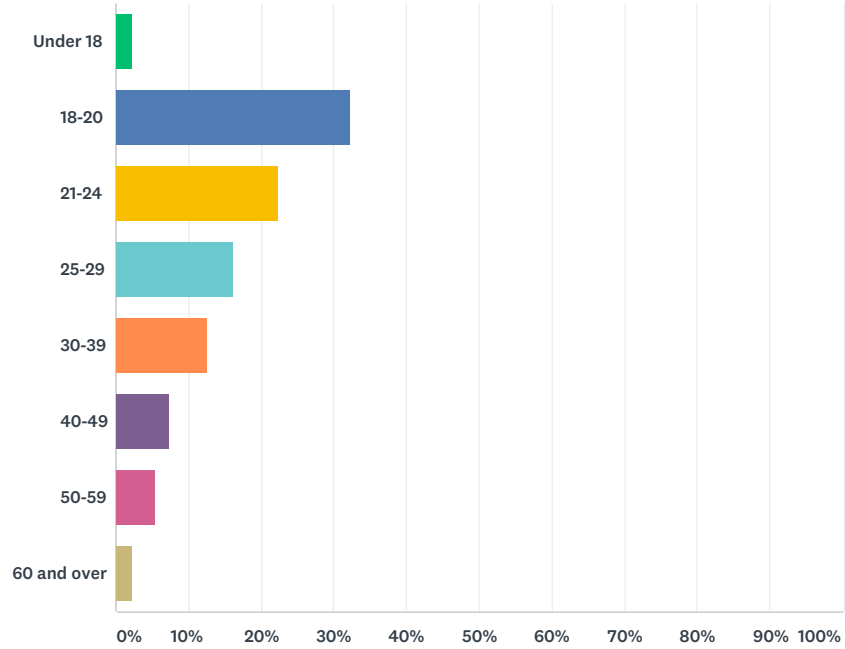


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
American Indian or Alaska Native	0.76%	32
Asian	10.28%	432
Black or African American	1.93%	81
Hispanic or Spanish	57.36%	2,411
Multi-Racial	6.23%	262
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0.64%	27
White Caucasian	22.79%	958
TOTAL		4,203

Assessment of Smoking and Tobacco, 2019

Q5 What is your age?

Answered: 4,232 Skipped: 30

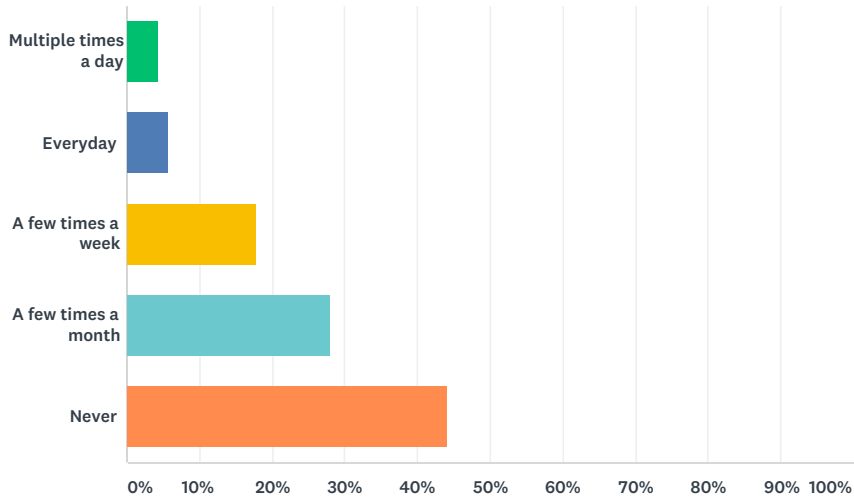


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Under 18	2.24%	95
18-20	32.14%	1,360
21-24	22.28%	943
25-29	16.02%	678
30-39	12.50%	529
40-49	7.23%	306
50-59	5.36%	227
60 and over	2.22%	94
TOTAL		4,232

Assessment of Smoking and Tobacco, 2019

Q6 “Secondhand smoke/vape” is smoke, vape or aerosol from someone else’s cigarette, cigar, pipe, or vape/e-cigarette that you breathe. Reflecting on the current semester, how often would you say you are exposed to secondhand smoke/vape on campus?

Answered: 4,238 Skipped: 24

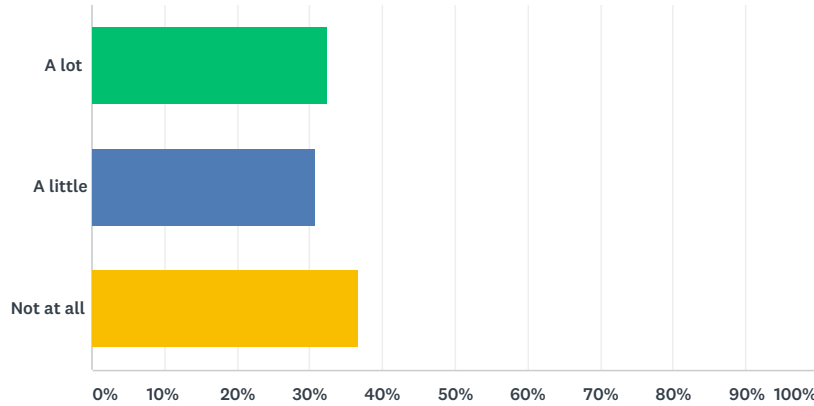


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Multiple times a day	4.32%	183
Everyday	5.57%	236
A few times a week	17.84%	756
A few times a month	28.08%	1,190
Never	44.20%	1,873
TOTAL		4,238

Assessment of Smoking and Tobacco, 2019

Q7 Would you say secondhand smoke/vape on campus typically bothers you a lot, a little, not at all?

Answered: 4,232 Skipped: 30

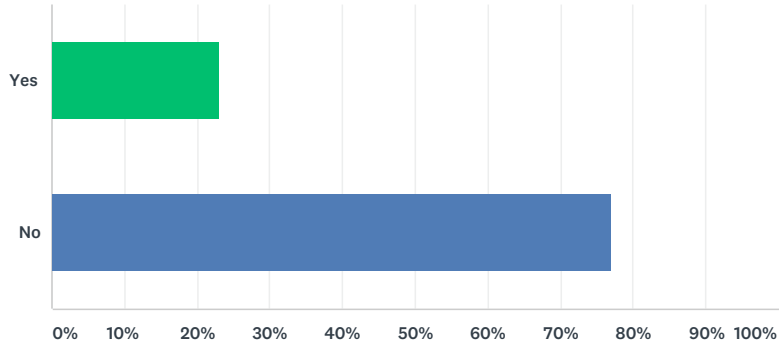


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
A lot	32.49%	1,375
A little	30.84%	1,305
Not at all	36.67%	1,552
TOTAL		4,232

Assessment of Smoking and Tobacco, 2019

Q8 Do you have a health condition (asthma, allergies, etc), cardiovascular disease which can be worsened by exposure to secondhand smoke/vape?

Answered: 4,235 Skipped: 27

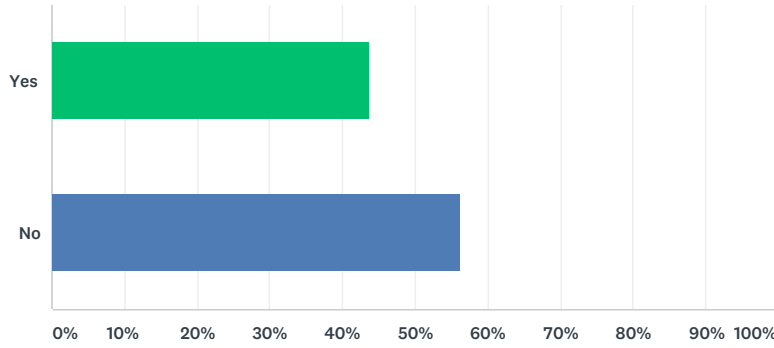


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes	23.00%	974
No	77.00%	3,261
TOTAL		4,235

Assessment of Smoking and Tobacco, 2019

Q9 Are you aware that Rancho Santiago Community College District has a designated parking areas for smoking?

Answered: 4,247 Skipped: 15

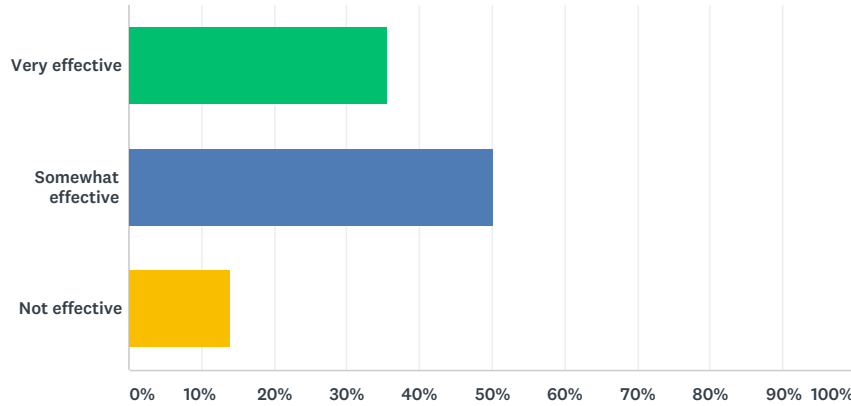


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes	43.72%	1,857
No	56.28%	2,390
TOTAL		4,247

Assessment of Smoking and Tobacco, 2019

Q10 In your opinion, the current smoking policy at Rancho Santiago Community College District is:

Answered: 4,144 Skipped: 118

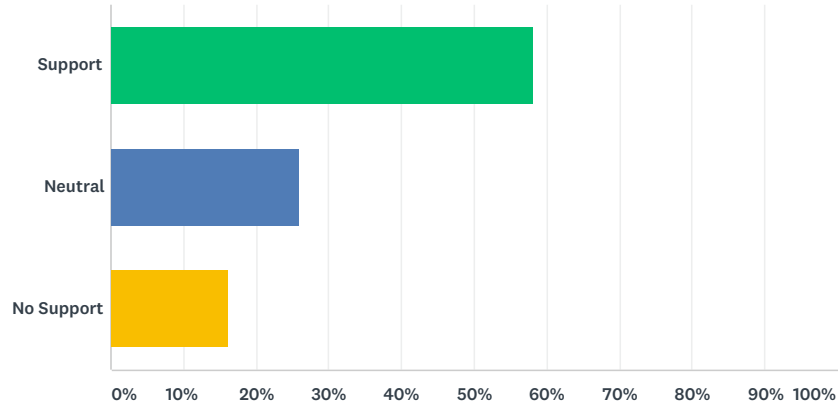


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Very effective	35.62%	1,476
Somewhat effective	50.27%	2,083
Not effective	14.12%	585
TOTAL		4,144

Assessment of Smoking and Tobacco, 2019

Q11 Would you support Rancho Santiago Community College District becoming a 100% Smoke & Tobacco Free District which prohibit the use of cigarettes, all electronic smoking devices and vapes, and any other tobacco product from being used anywhere within RSCCD and its colleges?

Answered: 4,241 Skipped: 21

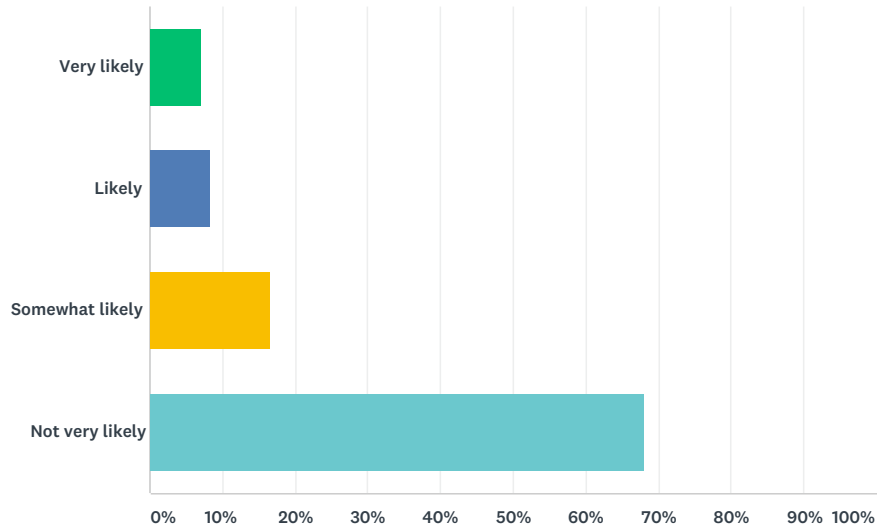


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Support	58.12%	2,465
Neutral	25.84%	1,096
No Support	16.03%	680
TOTAL		4,241

Assessment of Smoking and Tobacco, 2019

Q12 How likely are you to approach someone smoking/vaping or using tobacco on campus to let him/her know that he/she is violating the designated smoking area policy?

Answered: 4,235 Skipped: 27

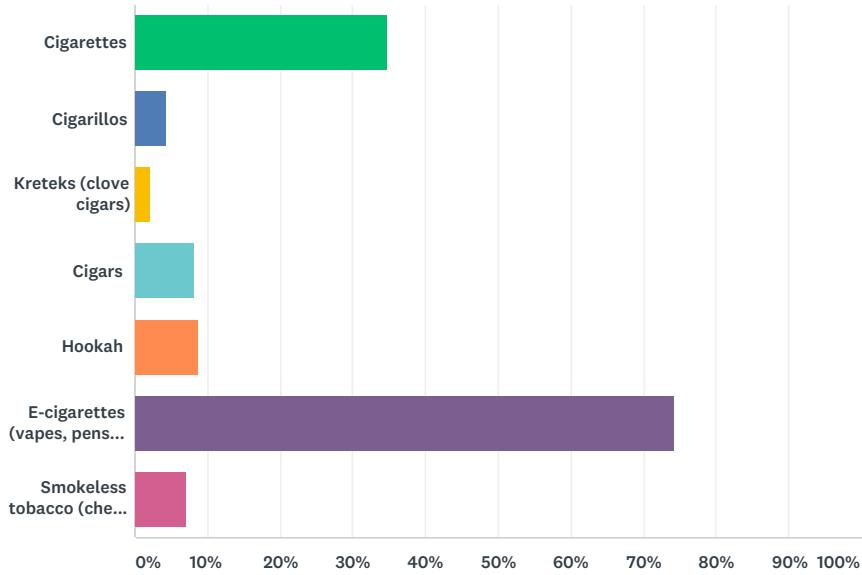


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Very likely	7.01%	297
Likely	8.41%	356
Somewhat likely	16.55%	701
Not very likely	68.03%	2,881
TOTAL		4,235

Assessment of Smoking and Tobacco, 2019

Q13 In the last 30 days, which of the following products did you use? If you have not used tobacco in the last 30 days, please skip to question 17.

Answered: 682 Skipped: 3,580

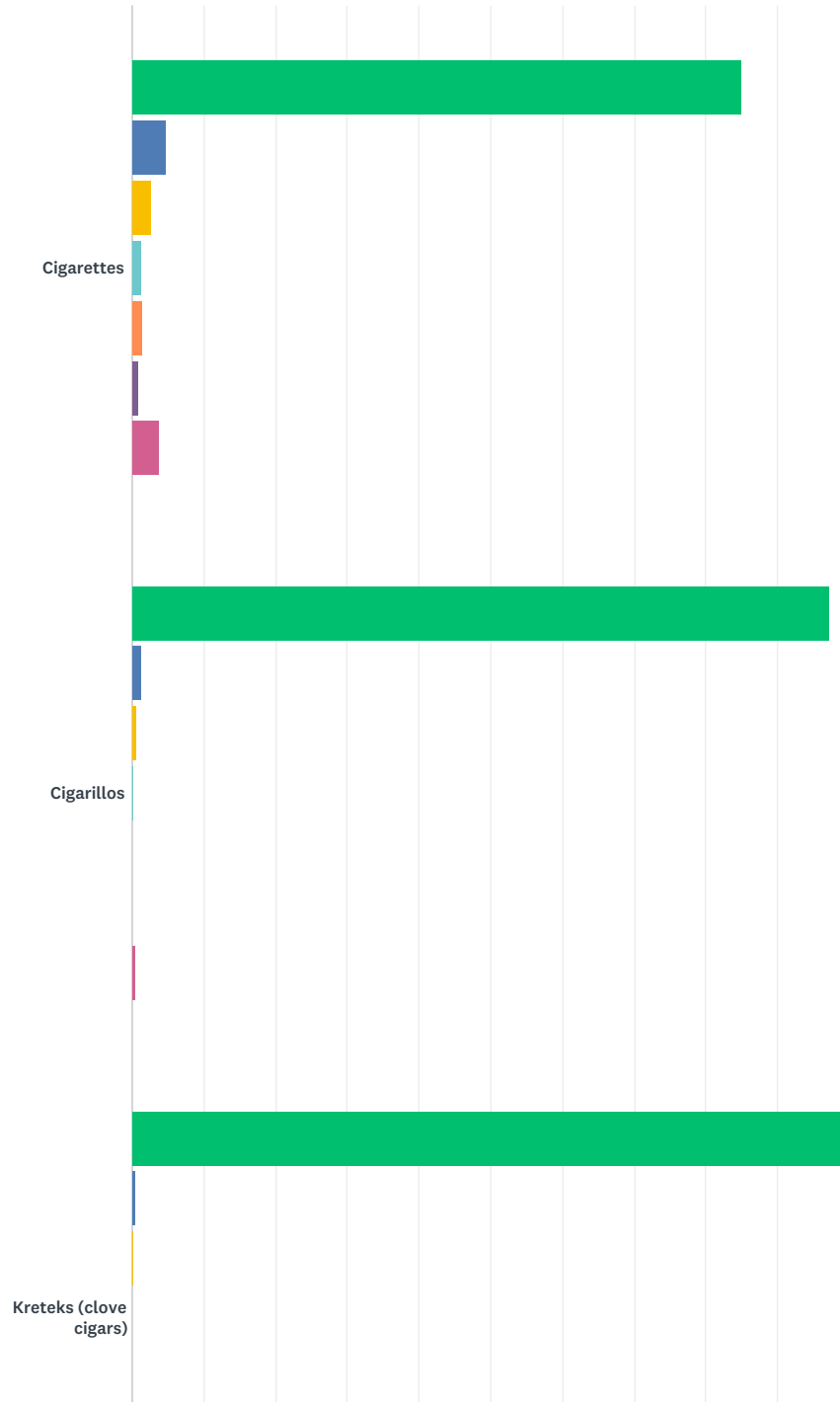


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Cigarettes	34.75%	237
Cigarillos	4.40%	30
Kreteks (clove cigars)	2.05%	14
Cigars	8.21%	56
Hookah	8.80%	60
E-cigarettes (vapes, pens, mods or JUUL)	74.19%	506
Smokeless tobacco (chew, dip, snuff, snus)	7.04%	48
Total Respondents: 682		

Assessment of Smoking and Tobacco, 2019

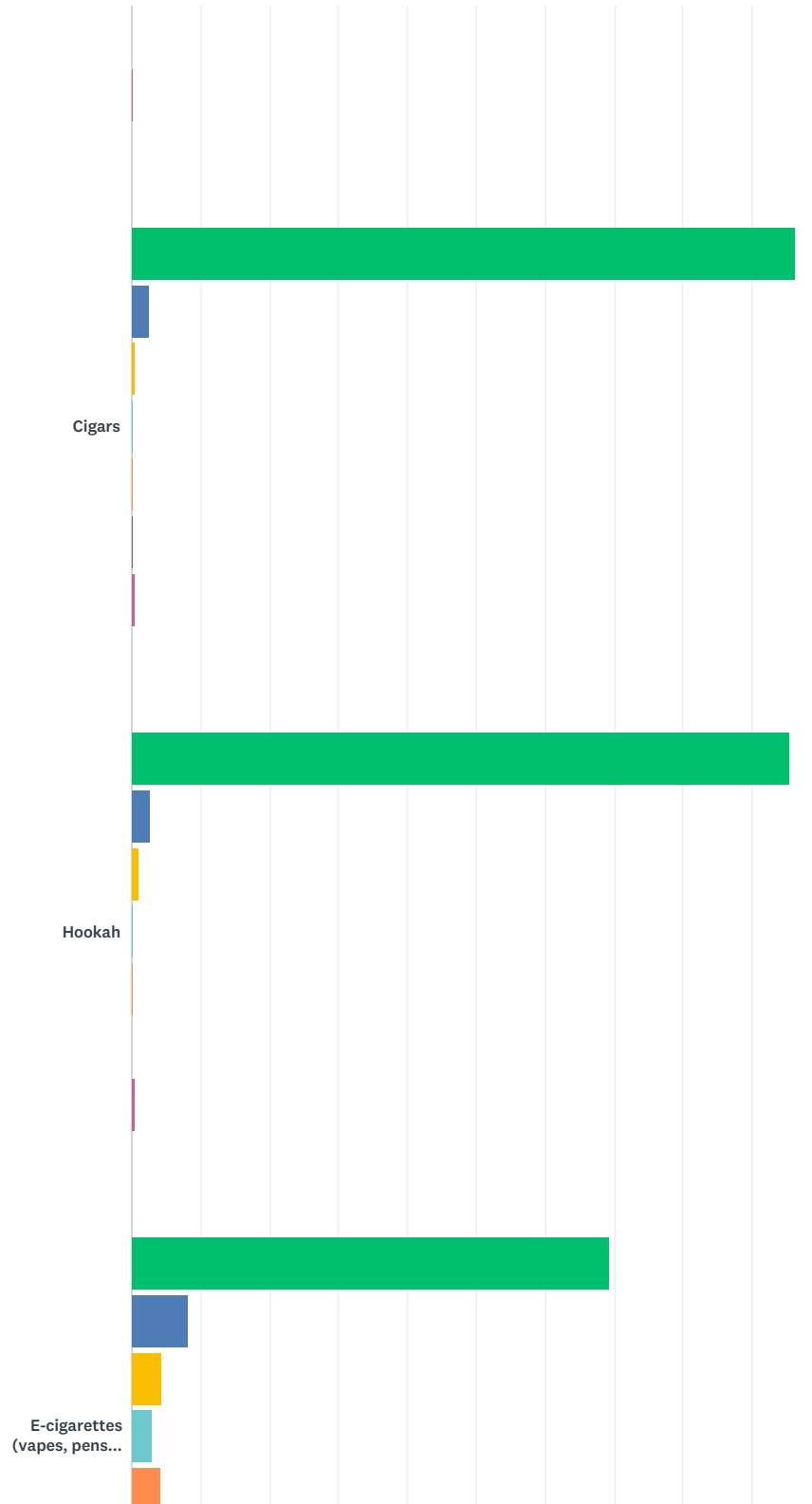
Q14 In the last 30 days, on how many days did you use:

Answered: 1,568 Skipped: 2,694



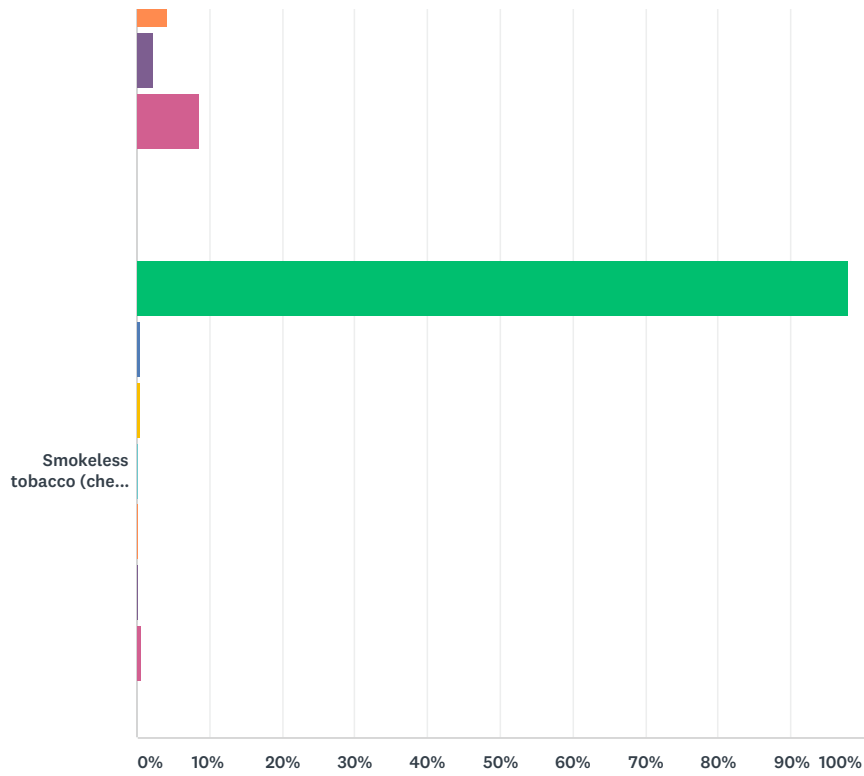
14 / 22

Assessment of Smoking and Tobacco, 2019



15 / 22

Assessment of Smoking and Tobacco, 2019

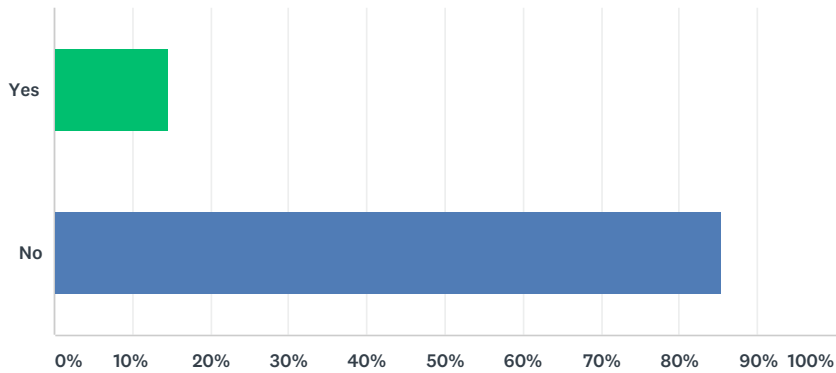


■ 0 days
 ■ 1-2
 ■ 3-5
 ■ 6-9
 ■ 10-19
 ■ 20-29
 ■ All 30 days

	0 DAYS	1-2	3-5	6-9	10-19	20-29	ALL 30 DAYS	TOTAL
Cigarettes	84.85% 1,255	4.87% 72	2.70% 40	1.35% 20	1.56% 23	0.88% 13	3.79% 56	1,479
Cigarillos	97.33% 1,350	1.30% 18	0.65% 9	0.14% 2	0.07% 1	0.07% 1	0.43% 6	1,387
Kreteks (clove cigars)	99.12% 1,355	0.37% 5	0.15% 2	0.00% 0	0.07% 1	0.07% 1	0.22% 3	1,367
Cigars	96.18% 1,335	2.59% 36	0.43% 6	0.14% 2	0.14% 2	0.14% 2	0.36% 5	1,388
Hookah	95.43% 1,316	2.76% 38	0.94% 13	0.29% 4	0.15% 2	0.07% 1	0.36% 5	1,379
E-cigarettes (vapes, pens, mods, or JUUL)	69.31% 1,030	8.21% 122	4.31% 64	3.03% 45	4.10% 61	2.36% 35	8.68% 129	1,486
Smokeless tobacco (chew, dip, snuff, snus)	97.97% 1,348	0.36% 5	0.36% 5	0.29% 4	0.15% 2	0.15% 2	0.73% 10	1,376

Q15 If you smoke or vape, do you ever smoke or vape on campus?

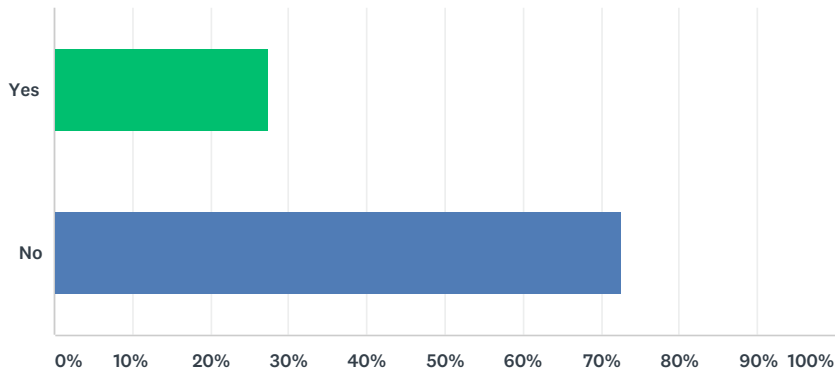
Answered: 1,614 Skipped: 2,648



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes	14.56%	235
No	85.44%	1,379
TOTAL		1,614

Q16 Have you ever used marijuana or hash oil in an e-cigarette?

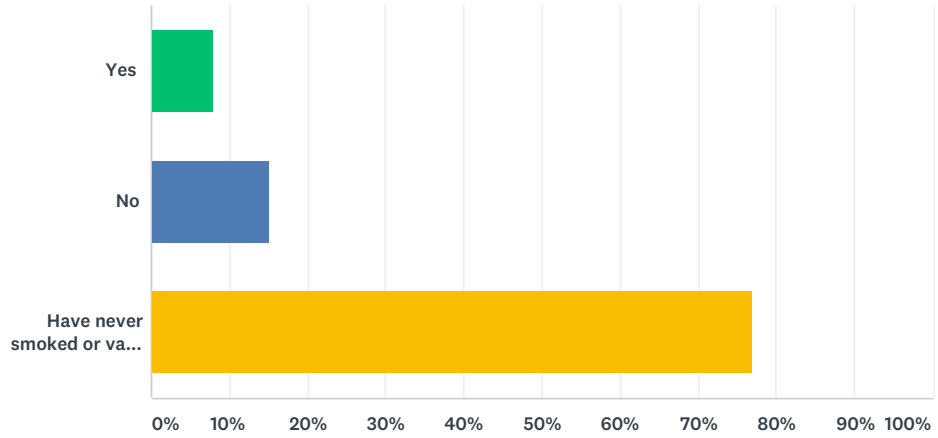
Answered: 1,817 Skipped: 2,445



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes	27.46%	499
No	72.54%	1,318
TOTAL		1,817

Q17 In the past 12 months, have you stopped using tobacco for 1 day or longer because you were trying to quit?

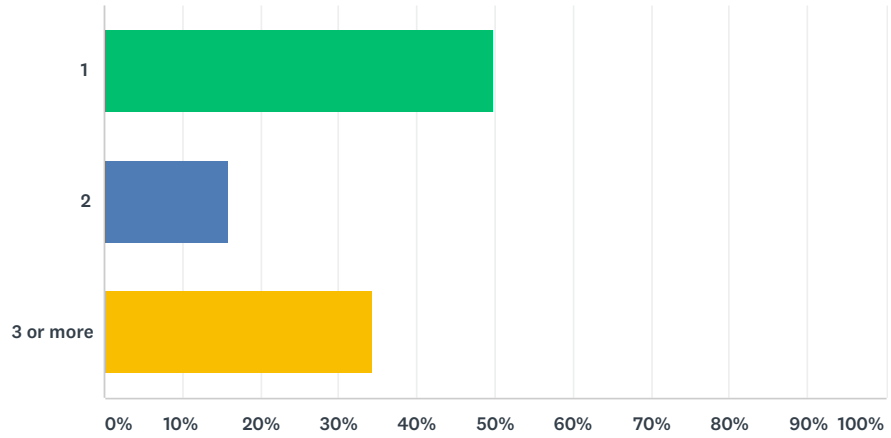
Answered: 4,070 Skipped: 192



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes	7.99%	325
No	15.04%	612
Have never smoked or vaped tobacco	76.98%	3,133
TOTAL		4,070

Q18 If yes, how many times in the past 12 months did you quit using tobacco?

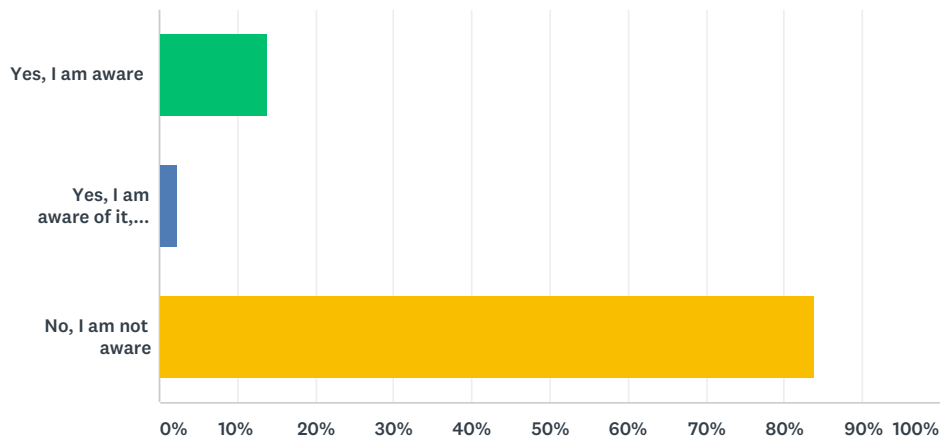
Answered: 422 Skipped: 3,840



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
1	49.76%	210
2	15.88%	67
3 or more	34.36%	145
TOTAL		422

Q19 Are you aware of any tobacco cessation resources on campus?

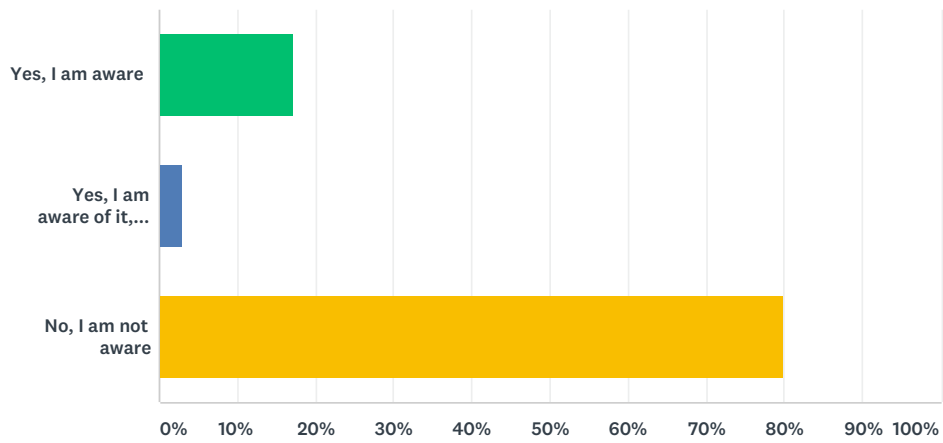
Answered: 3,994 Skipped: 268



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes, I am aware	13.85%	553
Yes, I am aware of it, and I've either used it or plan to use it	2.28%	91
No, I am not aware	83.88%	3,350
TOTAL		3,994

Q20 Are you aware of the free Orange County quit line 1-866-New-Lung?

Answered: 4,045 Skipped: 217



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes, I am aware	17.21%	696
Yes, I am aware of it, and I've either used it or plan to use it	2.87%	116
No, I am not aware	79.93%	3,233
TOTAL		4,045

CALIFORNIA COLLEGE & UNIVERSITY SMOKE/TOBACCO-FREE POLICY REPORT CARD



June 2021



California
Youth
Advocacy
Network

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2021 College and University Report Card

California Public College and University Smoke and Tobacco-Free Policy Ratings

INTRODUCTION

Over the last year, the COVID-19 pandemic has altered the way society interacts socially, professionally, and in the education system. California colleges and universities have been teaching and providing resources digitally and campus grounds have been nearly empty. Now with the ongoing roll-out of the COVID-19 vaccine, there is hope for reopening campuses and resuming in-person education, with some modifications.

During this transitional time back to being in-person, we all must take additional consideration of the potentials for respiratory distress and the lasting effects of a year of isolation on the students, staff, and faculty of each campus. Corona-virus often causes respiratory symptoms, including difficulty breathing and decreased lung function. Research shows tobacco use increases an individual’s risk for more severe COVID-19 symptoms. Meanwhile, the increased levels of stress and anxiety from social isolation and concern over the pandemic may have resulted in the initiation or increase in commercial tobacco use and nicotine addiction.

Since the release of the United States Surgeon’s General Advisory on E-Cigarette Use Among Youth in December 2018, which reported an increase of 78% in use of nicotine by high school students between 2017 and 2018, the rates of nicotine use has remained high.¹ Findings from the 2020 National Youth Tobacco Survey reveal 23.6% of high school student report current use of commercial tobacco compared to 31.2% of high school-age youth in 2019. While the decrease in prevalence rates is promising, young people may be starting college with higher rates of addiction, as they age out of the youth category and transition into the stress of college and the pandemic.

In California, young adults continue to have the highest prevalence of tobacco and e-cigarette use compared to all other age groups. Overall, 24.6% of individuals 18-30 years old report using any tobacco products compared to 12.8% of commercial tobacco product use by teens and 13.5% use in adults over 30 years of age.²

The young adult years (18-25 years old) are an especially critical time in the development of a commercial tobacco addiction. The tobacco industry is aware of this, aggressively marketing its products to young people in an attempt to generate a new cohort of lifetime tobacco users. As California cigarette smoking declined 33.2% between 2003 and 2017, use of alternative tobacco products, including electronic smoking devices and flavored products, has increased.³ Electronic smoking devices, or e-cigarettes, have increased in popularity over the last few



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years, as devices become smaller, more discrete, and emit less noticeable vapor clouds. Many of these devices come pre-filled with a potent nicotine salt-based solution.

Young adults are also increasingly using an assortment of devices to vaporize marijuana. College communities have been particularly impacted as rates of vaping among students has increased compared to other young adult populations in California. Between 2017 and 2018, college student vaping of nicotine increased from 6.1% to 15.5% compared to an increase from 7.9% to 12.5% among young adults not in college. The rate of vaping marijuana products has also increased among college students from 5.2% in 2017 to 10.9% in 2018. Marijuana vaping did not change among young adults not in college during the same time period, remaining at 8%.⁴

A recent study examining college student tobacco use prevalence concluded that college attendance may reduce young adult's risk of cigarette smoking but may not reduce the risk of using other tobacco products.⁵

One effective strategy for preventing young people from becoming addicted to tobacco and supporting those who are quitting is the adoption of smoke and tobacco-free policies. Smoke and tobacco-free environments positively shift social norms around commercial tobacco use. For these reasons, the young adult years are also a critical time to ensure tobacco-free environments. As the demographic of commercial tobacco use in young adults shift toward e-cigarettes and higher rates of incoming students are already using tobacco products, California colleges have an opportunity to influence health behaviors of these young adults through campus policy. Despite this, college and university campuses often act as a stronghold of commercial tobacco-use, a place where smoking and vaping are still the norm, in an increasingly smoke-free world.



In order to counter the negative effects of tobacco on the college population, the American College Health Association (ACHA) has recommended all colleges and universities adopt a 100% smoke/tobacco-free campus policy.⁶ Furthermore, organizations such as the American Cancer Society, The Truth Initiative, and CVS Health have contributed millions of dollars in grant funding to college and universities across the nation in an effort to produce the first commercial tobacco-free generation.

Since 1998, the California Youth Advocacy Network (CYAN), a project funded by the California Tobacco Control Program, has been supporting California colleges and universities in creating healthy campus environments by adopting and implementing smoke/tobacco-free policies. CYAN's College Program is the longest running program focused on commercial tobacco-free college campuses in the nation. In 2002, a group of students formed COUGH (Campuses Organized and United for Good Health), a statewide movement committed to promoting, establishing, and sustaining safer and healthier colleges through smoke/tobacco-free policy education, and treatment. Together, CYAN and COUGH have been working to advance the success of 100% smoke/tobacco-free policies on all institutions of higher learning in California.

The **California College and University Smoke/Tobacco-Free Policy Report Card** is a collaborative project of CYAN and COUGH. The Report reviews and assesses current tobacco use policies on all 148 public colleges and universities in the state. The first statewide Report was released in June 2016.

The purpose of this Report is to reveal tobacco use policy trends on campuses in California. Additionally, the aim of the Report Card is to educate and encourage college decision makers to adopt comprehensive smoke/tobacco-free policies that promote health and wellness for all members of their campus community.

Smoke/Tobacco-Free Policy Rationale

POLICY RATIONALE

In recent years, the adoption of smoke/tobacco-free policies on college campuses nationwide has seen a dramatic increase. In Spring 2008, approximately 75 colleges had 100% smoke-free policies. As of April 1, 2021, that number has risen dramatically with 2,537 U.S. and tribal colleges and universities adopting 100% smoke-free policies. Of these campuses, 2,102 schools are 100% smoke and tobacco-free and prohibit the use of all commercial tobacco products on college/university property.⁷

National trends are consistent with what has been observed in California. In Spring 2008, only eight (5%) public colleges in the state were 100% smoke or tobacco-free. **By Spring 2021, 102 (69%) of public colleges and universities in California are now 100% smoke or tobacco-free.**

As more institutions of higher education adopt and implement strong commercial tobacco use policies, we gain a greater understanding of the impact of these policies. This knowledge along with findings from research conducted on the impact of other smoke and tobacco-free policies provide a strong rationale for why colleges and universities across the nation should continue to adopt 100% smoke/tobacco-free policies.



CA PUBLIC COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES:
100% SMOKE OR TOBACCO-FREE

DECREASE EXPOSURE TO SECONDHAND SMOKE

- Since the 1964 Surgeon General's Report, 2.5 million adults who were nonsmokers died because they breathed secondhand smoke.⁸
- The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has found secondhand tobacco smoke to be a risk to public health and has classified secondhand smoke as a group A carcinogen, the most dangerous class of carcinogen.⁹
- The California Air Resources Board has categorized secondhand smoke as a toxic air contaminant, the same category as diesel exhaust.¹⁰
- The Surgeon General of the United States concluded that there is no risk-free level of exposure to secondhand smoke and establishing smoke-free environments is the only way to prevent exposure.¹¹
- Between 2016 and 2018, the rates of Californians exposed to tobacco smoke, e-cigarette aerosol, and marijuana smoke increased by 34.7%, with a 13% increase of e-cigarette smoke and 18.4% increase of marijuana smoke specifically. High schoolers report an exposure rate of roughly 30% to tobacco smoke, e-cigarette aerosol, or marijuana smoke while in a room or car.¹²

CHANGE COMMERCIAL TOBACCO USE BEHAVIOR

- A study published in the British Medical Journal (2002) concluded that tobacco users who worked in a completely smoke-free environment were more likely to quit than their counterparts working in areas without strong smoke-free policies. Additionally, individuals working in smoke-free environments were more likely to decrease the number of cigarettes they smoked throughout the day.¹³
- Smoke-free campus policies are proven to decrease current smoking prevalence in students, decrease the amount of cigarettes used by those who continue to smoke, positively influence students' perceptions of peer smoking, change social norms around tobacco use, and increase

favorable attitudes towards regulation of tobacco. These findings are consistent with a study that found that college students who lived in smoke-free residences were more likely to be nonsmokers.¹⁴

DECREASE TOBACCO LITTER ON CAMPUS

- Cigarette waste is extremely toxic to our environment. Cigarette butts contain the same toxic chemicals in tobacco smoke. The small filter, when wet, releases thousands of toxic chemicals back into the environment. These filters and chemicals are washed into waterways by water runoff.¹⁵
- Tobacco waste is common on campuses that are not smoke/tobacco-free. A 2010 study of litter at UC San Diego and San Diego State University revealed that in 80 volunteer hours, 31,410 cigarette butts were collected between the two campuses. This represented about 380 butts per volunteer per hour.¹⁶
- 100% smoke/tobacco-free policies are associated with reduced tobacco waste near building entrances compared with campuses with weaker policies. These reductions may reflect fewer cigarettes smoked near buildings and reduced exposure to secondhand smoke.¹⁷
- With the increase in e-cigarette use among youth and young adults, the presence of pods, cartridges, and e-juice bottles pose new litter and environmental concerns. Nicotine solutions and e-juice contain harmful chemicals and the plastic containers cannot be recycled. Furthermore, all these products have batteries that need to be properly disposed of.
- There still remains no appropriate or safe way to dispose of an e-cigarette, including those labeled as “disposable”. Between the single-use plastics, hazardous chemicals, including nicotine and lead, and the lithium-ion batteries, vape waste is damaging to the environment and damaged vape products are a serious risk to individual safety.
- By eliminating tobacco litter, colleges are also decreasing fire risk on campus, decreasing the cost and time associated with cleaning up tobacco litter, and increasing campus beautification.



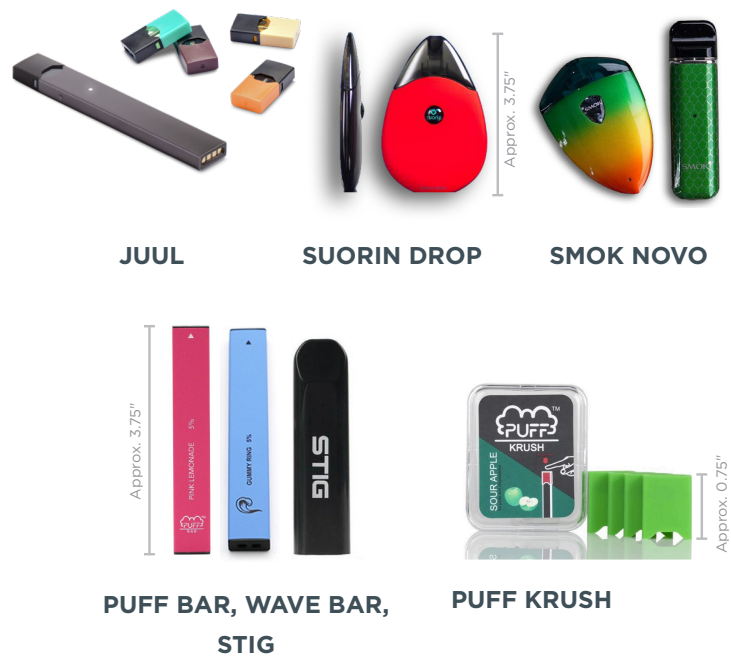
PROMOTE STUDENT SUCCESS

- Smoke/tobacco-free policies can reduce the number of students that start using commercial tobacco as well as the amount of tobacco that students use, which helps young people progress to graduation by having a positive impact on their health.
- Historically, most tobacco users started smoking or using smokeless tobacco before the age of 18. Over the last ten years, this pattern of new addiction has been changing. A recent study found one-fifth of smokers reported starting after the age of 18. Among individuals who started using tobacco before 18, regular or daily smoking was not established until the ages of 20 or 21.¹⁸
- One in eight California youth reported current tobacco use in 2018 (12.7%), with 84.3% of these young people using electronic smoking devices and 86.4% using flavored tobacco products.¹⁹ As these youth tobacco users enter college, promotion of policy compliance and smoke and tobacco-free environments become an essential part of the transitionary process into college life.

- Young adults who vape had the highest rate of flavored vape use at 91%, followed by adults age 25 to 34 at 89%.²⁰
- As students graduate, they are transitioning into tobacco-free environments. In California, the majority of hospital and K-12 campuses are 100% smoke-free or tobacco-free. Nationwide, worksites, college campuses, health care centers, and outdoor recreational facilities are adopting comprehensive tobacco use policies.

DECREASE EXPOSURE TO NEW AND EMERGING TOBACCO AND NICOTINE PRODUCTS

- Use of electronic smoking devices continues to increase among some age groups and is higher than combustible commercial tobacco use among teens and young adults.^{21,22}
- After the EVALI (E-cigarette or Vaping Use-Associated Lung Injury) outbreak in 2019, cigarette and vaping use has decreased. While cigarette use has continued to decrease steadily throughout the COVID-19 pandemic, e-cigarette use experienced a dramatic decrease during the EVALI outbreak and the onset of the COVID-19 lockdowns. However, rates of e-cigarette use began to increase again in November of 2020.²³
- In California, young adults are five times more likely to use e-cigarettes than those 30 and older, increasing from three times more likely from the previous year.²¹
- Through the use of flavors and appealing new designs, a new generation of young people are becoming addicted to nicotine and are becoming regular tobacco users.^{21,22}
- New and emerging products may introduce young adults to tobacco use or promote dual use of cigarettes and smokeless tobacco products.²¹
- Hookah use has surpassed cigarette use among U.S. young adult college students.²¹
- E-cigarette vapor is a source of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and ultrafine/fine particles.²¹
- Use of products that mimic tobacco use, specifically e-cigarettes, may renormalize smoking and challenge the implementation and enforcement of tobacco-free policies that are proven to decrease tobacco use.
- Electronic devices have compatibility with marijuana-based solutions, introducing new policy compliance issues, as marijuana remains a schedule one drug at the federal level, making all marijuana substances illegal on any federally-funded campus, including public colleges and universities in California.
- Heated tobacco products, nicotine pouches, and “disposable” vapes are increasing in popularity due to their high nicotine content and subtle stealth designs that makes them harder to identify.²³

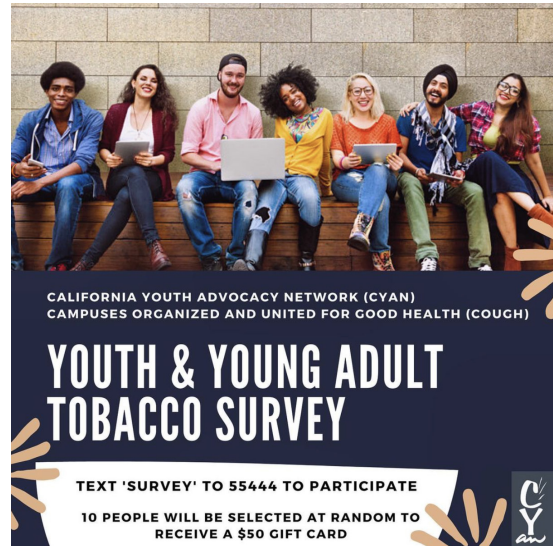


Youth and Young Adult Tobacco Use Survey

In February 2021, CYAN, in partnership with students from the COUGH Leadership Board, launched a survey to assess commercial tobacco, nicotine, and marijuana use among California's youth and young adult populations. This survey collected data on youth and young adult tobacco and marijuana use behavior, the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on use, along with motivators and resources used for quitting.

SURVEY SAMPLE

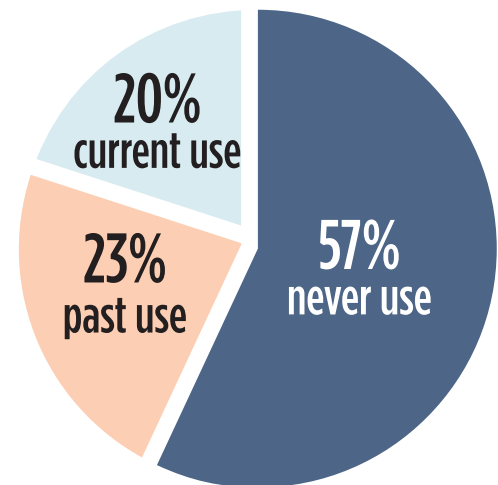
A total of 423 individuals took the survey, with 50% reporting they were currently enrolled in a California college or university at the time of the survey. Among this group, 56% were 18-20 years old, 33% were 21-24 years old, and 11% were 25 years or older. Various college/university systems were represented with 21% of respondents from a community college, 8% from California State University (CSU), 15% from University of California (UC), and 58% from a private university. There were no participants enrolled in a trade or technical college. The following findings are specific to participants who were currently enrolled in a college/university at the time of the survey.



COMMERCIAL TOBACCO USE BEHAVIOR

When participants were asked how they viewed their commercial tobacco/nicotine use:

- Never Use: 57% of respondents reported they never vaped, smoked, or used tobacco/nicotine products
- Past Use: 23% reported past use, but no longer use these products
- Current Use:
 - 9% reported vaping, smoking, or using these products casually or in social settings,
 - 1% reported using these products at least once a month,
 - 3% reported use at least once a week, and
 - 7% reported use at least once a day

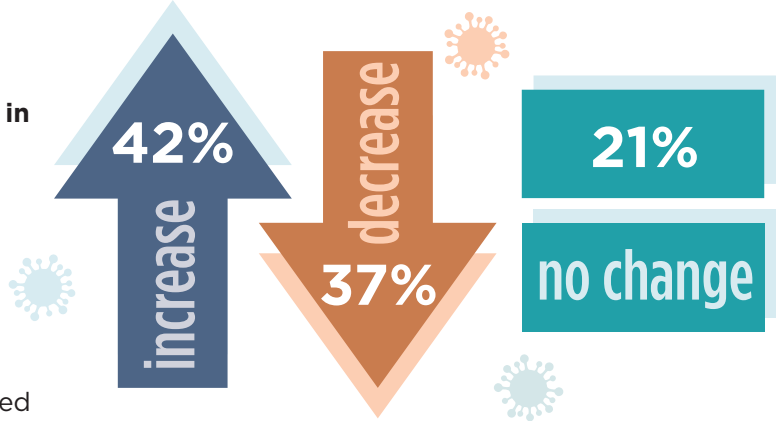


HOW PARTICIPANTS VIEW THEIR COMMERCIAL TOBACCO/NICOTINE USE

Among participants who reported current use:

- Stress and boredom were the top reported reasons for use, followed by friends/peer influence, like the taste, family/culture, and media or image influence. Other reasons cited include addiction, party/social settings, "it's good with alcohol", help focusing, manage anxiety, and for energy.
- E-cigarettes were the top product used among current users, followed by tobacco cigarettes, tobacco wraps used for smoking marijuana, hookah, smokeless tobacco, and cigars.

- **42% of current users reported an increase in use since the start of the pandemic, 37% reported a decrease in use, and 21% said use was about the same.**
- Reasons for using tobacco/nicotine products more since the start of the pandemic included stress, anxiety, boredom, living at home, and lack of social gatherings or outlets.
- On the other hand, those who reported using tobacco/nicotine products less during the pandemic reported living at home, health risks for parents, limited gatherings or exposure to friends, money, and personal goal to quit as reasons for decreased use.



CHANGE IN PARTICIPANTS COMMERCIAL TOBACCO/NICOTINE USE DURING 2020/21 PANDEMIC

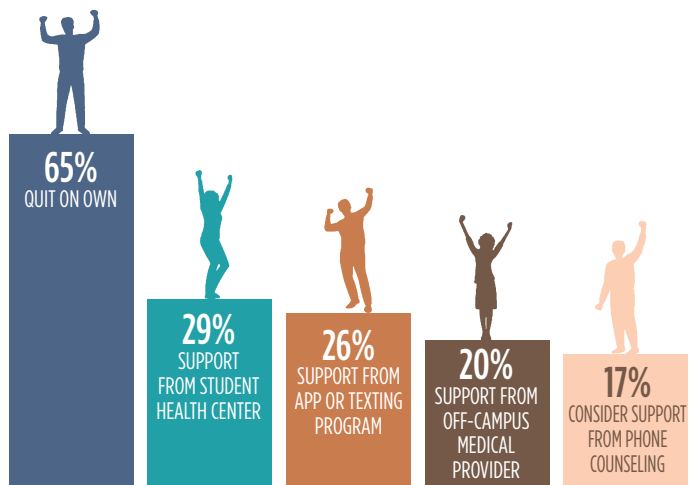
QUITTING COMMERCIAL TOBACCO PRODUCTS

When current users were asked about quitting commercial tobacco products:

- Possible motivators for quitting include: more research about negative short-term health effects, increased prices, health problems such as lung issues, if consumption becomes habitual or interferes with schoolwork, and to be healthier.
- 65% of respondents reported they preferred to quit tobacco on their own, while 29% said they would be interested in getting support from the student health center, 26% would use an app or a texting program, 20% were interested in a community-based medical provider, and 17% would consider phone counseling.



Respondents were also asked what tobacco treatment services they would like to see offered on their campus. Respondents wished to see better mental health care since stress or depression was a reason for use, withdrawal care, seminars on the dangers of tobacco and tips for quitting, a judgement free zone for people to talk about their experiences, text reminders, and virtual services.



FAVORED QUITTING METHODS FOR COMMERCIAL TOBACCO/NICOTINE

Reopening Campuses in Fall 2021

In Spring 2020, the world shifted to prevent and respond to the spread of the Coronavirus and over the last year. As vaccine rollouts continue and cities and campuses start to reopen, we must think ahead for this transitional period. Coronavirus often causes respiratory symptoms, including difficulty breathing and decreased lung function. Research shows the tobacco use increases an individual's risk for more severe Coronavirus symptoms. Smoking and vaping doubles an individual's risk of developing a respiratory infection, by weakening the immune system and the body's ability to fight infections.²⁴ Smoking also doubles the risk of getting sicker from coronavirus, with people who smoke being 2.4 times more likely to get sick, admitted to an intensive care unit, needing mechanical ventilation, or dying, compared to non-smokers.²⁵ Vaping on its own can harm lung health at a cellular and organ level and worsen the body's ability to fight respiratory infections.²⁶



Campus reopening plans are critical for the transitions from digital to in-person interactions and learning. California has one of the largest systems of higher education in the U.S. with over 2.1 million students in the California Community College System. With such a large proportion of students, it is essential to create safe environments for learning and growth. As such, there are several ways to expand access to support for student, staff, and faculty, including:

- Working towards the adoption of a 100% smoke and tobacco-free campus policy. By creating spaces free of secondhand smoke and tobacco waste, colleges and universities have an opportunity to normalize healthier behavior among students, staff, and visitors.
- Promoting existing and new smoke and tobacco-free policies on campus as students and employees return. This could be with new signage, including policy language in the welcome letters, and having updates on the front page of the website.
 - Sample language: “We are excited to welcome you back to our smoke and tobacco-free campus after so long! Let’s continue to support our lung health by refraining from using any tobacco or nicotine products while on campus grounds. This includes smoking, vaping, and use of smokeless tobacco products. If you are quitting tobacco, visit the campus health center or go to cyanonline.org/quit-tobacco for free resources and support.”
- Creating ample access to commercial tobacco quit resources in your health center and across campus. During the pandemic, many individuals have experienced higher levels of stress and anxiety, resulting in worsened addictions and introductions to new behaviors, such as vaping or other forms of nicotine and THC use. Students, staff, and faculty may need additional support in mitigating or quitting their nicotine use when back in-person.
- Developing COVID-19 friendly activities and hybrid events by continuing to sanitize and use proper CDC guidelines as they are released. Some students are opting to keep distance or have developed anxieties about larger gatherings of others, so it is helpful to continue digital activities as well as in-person activities.

Scoring Methodology

CYAN maintains a database of tobacco use policies from all public colleges and universities in California. Policies have been collected and analyzed since 2001. The database is updated a minimum of two times per academic year. CYAN staff and COUGH student leaders utilize the database to track progress on the adoption and implementation of smoke/tobacco-free policies.

DATA COLLECTION

The policies found in CYAN's database are collected from college/university websites, school catalogs, campus administrations, and District governing boards (California Community College system). Print copies of these policies are kept on file and the date of collection and review is noted on the policy. If CYAN is unable to locate an official written policy, the policy noted in the college/university catalog and/or manuals is collected as policy on file.



CATobaccoFreeColleges.org

DATE OF POLICY REVIEW

COUGH students and CYAN staff did an extensive policy review of all 148 public college and university policies in April and May 2021. Policies officially adopted by May 21, 2021, were reviewed for this Report. If a college/university adopted a policy but the policy has not been implemented, the officially adopted policy is what was reviewed and scored. If a college is considering a new policy but it has not been finalized and signed by administration, the current policy implemented on campus is the policy that was scored for this report.

COMMUNITY COLLEGES: DISTRICT POLICIES VERSUS CAMPUS POLICIES

Community college districts have the authority to regulate tobacco use on the campuses within their district. Some districts create district-wide smoke/tobacco-free policies for all of the colleges within the district while others have a standard policy for the district but allow individual colleges to adopt stronger policies. Regardless of who has the authority to adopt a smoke/tobacco-free policy (i.e., district versus campus), CYAN reviewed the tobacco use policies from all 115 community college campuses. In many cases, these policies were the same as the district policy. In some cases, a college's policy was either stronger or weaker than the district policy. If a campus policy was found to be weaker than the district policy, the campus policy is the policy that was scored.

The Report authors recognize district policies are the minimum policy a college must have; however, if a college's policy is weaker than a district's policy, it is noted in this report in order to encourage administration to strengthen their smoke/tobacco-free policy to the district policy or stronger.

POLICY ANALYSIS AND GRADING

All public college/university tobacco use policies were reviewed and scored using the same scoring instrument. Only written policies were analyzed for this report. CYAN did not take into consideration how well a policy was implemented or enforced.

A TOTAL OF SEVEN POLICY TYPES WERE IDENTIFIED AND USED TO SCORE POLICIES INCLUDING:

1. **100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including electronic smoking devices** – Smoking, the use of commercial tobacco products, and the use of electronic smoking devices are prohibited on all indoor and outdoor property. Products covered under this policy include, but are not limited to, cigarettes, cigars, pipes, water pipes (hookah), e-cigarettes, chewing tobacco, spit tobacco, snus, snuff, and dissolvable tobacco products.
2. **100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free** - Smoking and the use of commercial tobacco products are prohibited on all indoor and outdoor property. Products covered under this policy include, but are not limited to, cigarettes, cigars, pipes, water pipes (hookah), chewing tobacco, spit tobacco, snus, snuff, and dissolvable tobacco products.
3. **100% Smoke-Free** – Smoking of commercial tobacco products is prohibited on all indoor and outdoor property. Products covered under this policy include, but are not limited to, cigarettes, cigars, pipes, and water pipes (hookah).
4. **Parking Lots Only** – Smoking and/or the use of commercial tobacco products is prohibited on campus with the exception of parking lots or designated areas in parking lots.
5. **Designated Smoking Areas** - Smoking and/or the use of commercial tobacco products is prohibited on campus with the exception of designated smoking areas on campus.
6. **Perimeter or Entryways** – Smoking and/or the use of commercial tobacco products is prohibited within a certain distance from buildings, entranceways, exits, windows, and/or air intake units. Policy must prohibit smoking 20-ft or more from buildings (current state law prohibits smoking within 20-ft of state-owned buildings)
7. **Policy not in compliance with current state law** (no smoking within 20-ft of buildings)



If an institution's smoke/tobacco-free policy included language on electronic smoking devices or e-cigarettes, the campus was awarded 5 bonus points. Colleges with 100% smoke/tobacco-free policies, including electronic smoking devices, did not receive additional bonus points as the points were build in to the final score.

Once scores were finalized, colleges were assigned a grade based on the policy score they received.

OVERALL SMOKE/TOBACCO-FREE POLICY GRADES

POLICY TYPE	SCORE	GRADE
100% smoke/tobacco/vape-free	100 POINTS	A+
100% smoke/tobacco-free	95 POINTS	A
100% smoke-free, including electronic smoking devices	90 POINTS	A
100% smoke-free	85 POINTS	B
Parking lots only, including electronic smoking devices	75 POINTS	C
Parking lots only	70 POINTS	C
Designated smoking areas, including electronic smoking devices	65 POINTS	D
Designated smoking areas	60 POINTS	D
Perimeter or Entryways, including electronic smoking devices	35 POINTS	F
Perimeter or Entryways	30 POINTS	F
No written policy or policy not in compliance with current state law	0 POINTS	F

RATIONALE FOR LOW SCORES FOR DESIGNATED SMOKING AREA POLICIES

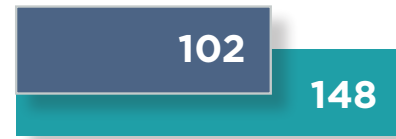
CYAN applauds administrators who have adopted outdoor air policies to reduce secondhand smoke on campus. Designated smoking area policies, including policies that limit smoking to parking lots only, may seem like a good idea to allow commercial tobacco users a place to smoke or vape; however, they have many more disadvantages than benefits. A study from Stanford University found that in outdoor designated areas with multiple smokers, levels of toxic air contaminants from secondhand smoke may be the same or higher than indoors, therefore, creating a hazardous environment to individuals standing in or around these areas. Additionally, secondhand smoke is proven to travel outside of designated areas.

Areas designated for commercial tobacco use have also been found to encourage tobacco use by creating a social environment for daily and non-daily commercial tobacco users. By increasing the number of individuals smoking in one area, students are more likely to believe that more people smoke than actually do. This misperception affects the norm of commercial tobacco use on campus and may also contribute to increased use. Finally, designated areas are often heavily littered and smell of toxic tobacco waste. Unless regularly cleaned and maintained, these areas are unhealthy, smelly, and an eyesore.

Report Findings

STRONG COMPREHENSIVE POLICIES

As of May 2021, 102 of California 148 public colleges and universities are 100% smoke-free. Of these, 92 campuses are 100% smoke and tobacco-free, including electronic smoking devices. In the past year, four campuses adopted a 100% smoke or tobacco-free policy, including electronic smoking devices. All four of these new policies were adopted by a California Community College. Within the last few years, the majority of institutions strengthened their policies to address the use of all commercial tobacco products (including e-cigarettes) versus smoke-free or designated areas policies. Additionally, campuses are strengthening language to include the burning or vaporization of any product, such as marijuana or other plant-based products, on campus property.

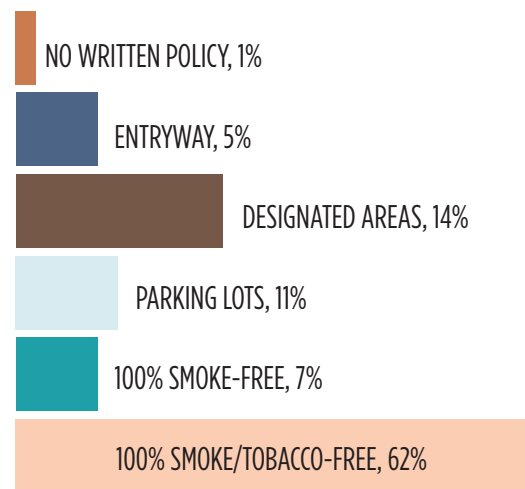


102 OF CALIFORNIA'S 148 PUBLIC COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES ARE 100% SMOKE OR TOBACCO-FREE

SMOKE/TOBACCO-FREE POLICIES BY TYPE

As previously noted, college and university smoke and/or tobacco-free policies are categorized by type. There are seven different policy classifications. Each classification takes into consideration the strength of the policy and commercial tobacco products included. Policies that include language on electronic smoking devices, or e-cigarettes, receive additional points.

A majority (62%) of public institutions of higher education are 100% smoke and tobacco-free. Approximately 14% of colleges have a designated area policy and 10% have a parking lots only policy. A significant amount of progress has been made in the adoption of 100% smoke or tobacco-free policies with only 6% of public campuses having entryway/perimeter policies or no written policy.



SMOKE/TOBACCO-FREE POLICIES BY SYSTEM

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA

The University of California (UC) system, including 10 educational campuses and five medical hospitals, is 100% smoke and tobacco-free, including electronic smoking devices. The entire system went smoke and tobacco-free in January 2014 after a system-wide policy was adopted by the University of California Office of the President in January 2012 (UCLA, UCSF, and UCSD implemented policies prior to this date).

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

In April 2017, the California State University system adopted a 100% smoke and tobacco-free policy, including electronic smoking devices. The executive order signed by Chancellor White, required all 23 CSU campuses to implement a comprehensive smoke/tobacco-free policy by September 1, 2017. The system-wide policy has resulted in all public four-year universities in California being 100% smoke/tobacco-free institutions.

100%
SMOKE/TOBACCO-FREE
INCLUDING E-CIGARETTES

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA  SINCE 2014

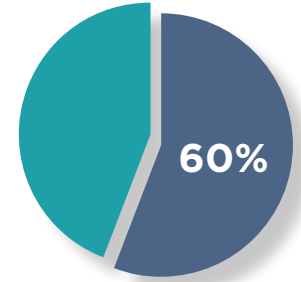
CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY  SINCE 2017

CALIFORNIA COMMUNITY COLLEGE

Currently 60% (69/115) are 100% smoke or tobacco-free. Of these, 59 campuses are 100% smoke/tobacco-free, including e-cigarettes and 10 campuses are 100% smoke-free, including e-cigarettes.

In May 2018, the Board of Governors for the California Community College system adopted a resolution to provide guidance and support for all California Community Colleges to adopt and implement 100% smoke and tobacco-free policies. In April 2020, the Student Senate of California Community Colleges (SSCCC) adopted a Smoke and Tobacco-Free California Community Colleges Resolution. The Resolution makes it a legislative priority for all California Community Colleges to implement a 100% smoke and tobacco-free policy, while also encouraging the implementation of tobacco treatment programs on campus.

In most cases, community college district governing bodies have adopted policies that apply to all property owned or operated by the district. However, in some cases, district leadership designates policy-making authority to local campus administrators.



100% SMOKE OR TOBACCO-FREE COMMUNITY COLLEGES

FOUR-YEAR INSTITUTIONS VS. TWO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS

There are stark differences in the type of tobacco use policies adopted and implemented by four-year universities compared to community colleges. California is home to 33 public four-year institutions (10 UC, 23 CSU) and 115 two-year colleges. When comparing data collected from UC/CSU campuses and community colleges, some interesting findings were made.



COMMUNITY COLLEGE REGIONAL DATA

Since the previous report in May 2020, several campuses in **Region 8 in Los Angeles and Orange Counties** adopted 100% smoke and tobacco-free policy including **Cerritos College, Coastline College, and Orange Coast College**. In **Region 1 in Plumas County, Feather River College** also adopted a 100% smoke and tobacco-free policy in May 2021. **Region 10 in San Diego County** continues to be a standout region where 100% of public colleges and universities, including all community colleges, are smoke and tobacco-free.

Conclusion

Current California law prohibits smoking within 20-ft of a main exit, entrance, or operable window of a public building, including colleges and universities. The law allows California Community College campuses, campuses of the California State University, and campuses of the University of California to adopt and enforce additional smoking and tobacco control policies that are more restrictive than the law.



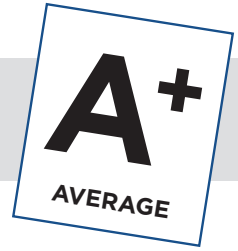
The UC and CSU systems have committed all University-owned and leased property as 100% smoke/tobacco-free. In May 2018, the Board of Governors for the California Community College system adopted a resolution urging all campuses to adopt 100% smoke and tobacco-free policies and in April 2020, the Student Senate of California Community Colleges adopted a similar resolution. During the 2020-2021 academic year, four community colleges adopted a 100% smoke and tobacco-free policy or guidelines, including electronic smoking devices. CYAN and COUGH are optimistic these resolutions will lead to a smoke/tobacco-free community college system by 2023.

Public health is a top priority as states and communities continue to address a teen vaping epidemic and work to reopen after the COVID-19 pandemic. While the coronavirus is a new and novel respiratory illness, researchers have confirmed that smoking and vaping increases an individual's risk of contracting the virus and worsens health outcomes should someone get sick with the virus. A strong body of evidence shows that smoke and tobacco-free policies prevent people from starting tobacco use as well as encourage individuals who do use tobacco to quit. As college and universities contemplate when and how to reopen their physical campuses, administrators should strongly consider implementing comprehensive smoke and tobacco-free policies; increase access to free commercial tobacco treatment services on campus; promote existing and new smoke/tobacco-free policies to students, staff, and faculty as they return; and continue to follow CDC guidelines for safe practices during in-person events.

California colleges and universities have made good progress on restricting commercial tobacco use, exposure, and waste on campus. It is the hope of CYAN and COUGH that California colleges and universities will continue to work on comprehensive smoke/tobacco-free policies that promote good health and protect campus communities from the negative effects of commercial tobacco. We appreciate the opportunity to partner with all California colleges and universities as they move forward with adopting and implementing these policies or continue working on increasing policy compliance to prevent and treat commercial tobacco and nicotine addiction.



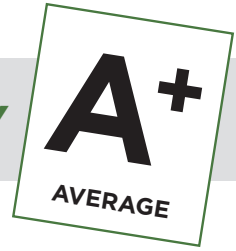
UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA



College Name	Grade	Policy Type
BERKELEY	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
DAVIS	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
IRVINE	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
LOS ANGELES	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
MERCED	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
RIVERSIDE	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
SAN DIEGO	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
SAN FRANCISCO	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
SANTA BARBARA	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
SANTA CRUZ	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes

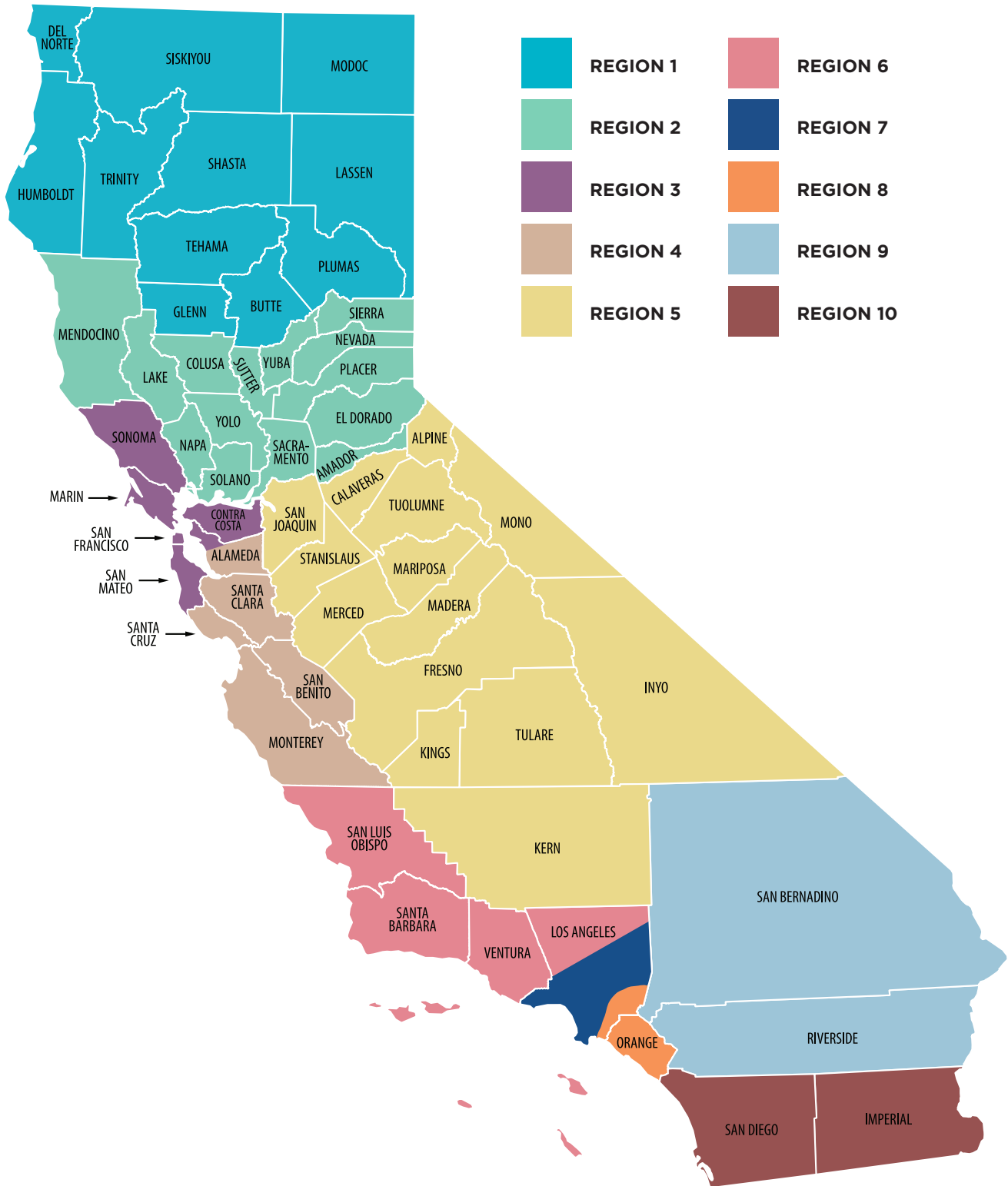


CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY



College Name	Grade	Policy Type
BAKERSFIELD	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
CHANNEL ISLANDS	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
CHICO	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
DOMINGUEZ HILLS	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
EAST BAY	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
FRESNO	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
FULLERTON	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
HUMBOLDT	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
LONG BEACH	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
LOS ANGELES	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
MARITIME ACADEMY	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
MONTEREY BAY	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
NORTHRIDGE	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
POMONA	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
SACRAMENTO	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
SAN BERNARDINO	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
SAN DIEGO	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
SAN FRANCISCO	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
SAN JOSE	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
SAN LUIS OBISPO	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
SAN MARCOS	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
SONOMA	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
STANISLAUS	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes

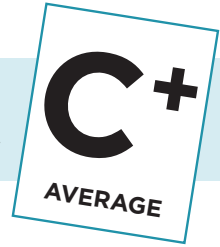
Community Colleges by Region





REGION 1

Includes the following Counties: Butte, Del Norte, Glenn, Humboldt, Lassen, Modoc, Plumas, Shasta, Siskiyou, Tehama, Trinity



District	College Name	Grade	Policy Type
Butte-Glenn	BUTTE	D	Designated Smoking Areas, including e-cigarettes
☀ Feather River	FEATHER RIVER	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Lassen	LASSEN	F	Perimeter (20-ft or more), including e-cigarettes
Redwoods	COLLEGE OF THE REDWOODS	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Shasta-Tehama-Trinity	SHASTA	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Siskiyou Joint	COLLEGE OF THE SISKIYOU	D	Designated Smoking Areas, including e-cigarettes

☀ Denotes campus has adopted policy this academic year



REGION 2

Includes the following Counties: Amador, Colusa, El Dorado, Lake, Mendocino, Napa, Nevada, Placer, Sacramento, Sierra, Solano, Sutter, Yolo, Yuba



District	College Name	Grade	Policy Type
Los Rios	AMERICAN RIVER	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Los Rios	COSUMNES RIVER	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Los Rios	FOLSOM LAKE	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Los Rios	SACRAMENTO CITY	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Lake Tahoe	LAKE TAHOE	D	Designated Smoking Areas, including e-cigarettes
Mendocino-Lake	MENDOCINO	D	Designated Smoking Areas
Napa Valley	NAPA VALLEY	D	Designated Smoking Areas, including e-cigarettes
Sierra Joint	SIERRA	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Solano	SOLANO	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Yuba	WOODLAND	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Yuba	YUBA	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes



REGION 3

Includes the following Counties:
Alameda (Part) , Contra Costa, Marin,
San Francisco, San Mateo, Sonoma



District	College Name	Grade	Policy Type
Contra Costa	CONTRA COSTA	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Contra Costa	DIABLO VALLEY	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Contra Costa	LOS MEDANOS	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Marin	COLLEGE OF MARIN	D	Designated Smoking Areas, including e-cigarettes
Peralta	BERKELEY CITY	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Peralta	COLLEGE OF ALAMEDA	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Peralta	LANEY	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Peralta	MERRITT	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
San Francisco	CITY COLLEGE OF SAN FRANCISCO	A	100% Smoke-Free, including e-cigarettes
San Mateo County	CANADA	C	Parking Lots, including e-cigarettes
San Mateo County	COLLEGE OF SAN MATEO	C	Parking Lots, including e-cigarettes
San Mateo County	SKYLINE	D	Designated Smoking Areas, including e-cigarettes
Sonoma County	SANTA ROSA JUNIOR	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes



REGION 4

Includes the following Counties:
Alameda (Part) , Monterey, San Benito,
Santa Clara, Santa Cruz

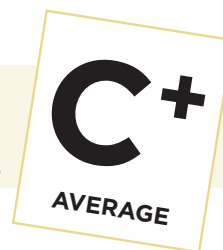
B⁻
AVERAGE

District	College Name	Grade	Policy Type
Cabrillo	CABRILLO	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Chabot-Las Positas	CHABOT	C	Parking Lots, including e-cigarettes
Chabot-Las Positas	LAS POSITAS	C	Parking Lots, including e-cigarettes
Foothill-De Anza	DE ANZA	C	Parking Lots, including e-cigarettes
Foothill-De Anza	FOOTHILL	C	Parking Lots, including e-cigarettes
Gavilan	GAVILAN	C	Parking Lots, including e-cigarettes
Hartnell Joint	HARTNELL	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Monterey Peninsula	MONTEREY PENINSULA	C	Parking Lots, including e-cigarettes
Ohlone	OHLONE	A	100% Smoke-Free, including e-cigarettes
San Jose-Evergreen	EVERGREEN VALLEY	C	Parking Lots, including e-cigarettes
San Jose-Evergreen	SAN JOSE CITY	A	100% Smoke-Free, including e-cigarettes
West Valley-Mission	MISSION	C	Parking Lots, including e-cigarettes
West Valley-Mission	WEST VALLEY	C	Parking Lots, including e-cigarettes



REGION 5

Includes the following Counties: Alpine, Calaveras, Fresno, Inyo, Kern, Kings, Madera, Mariposa, Merced, Mono, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Tulare, Tuolumne



District	College Name	Grade	Policy Type
Kern	BAKERSFIELD	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Kern	PORTERVILLE	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Merced	MERCED	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
State Center	CLOVIS	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
State Center	FRESNO CITY	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
State Center	REEDLEY	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
San Joaquin Delta	SAN JOAQUIN DELTA	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Sequoias	COLLEGE OF THE SEQUIOAS	C	Parking Lots, including e-cigarettes
West Hills	WEST HILLS COLLEGE - COALINGA	F	Perimeter (20-ft or more), including e-cigarettes
West Hills	WEST HILLS COLLEGE - LEMOORE	F	Perimeter (20-ft or more), including e-cigarettes
Yosemite	COLUMBIA	D	Designated Smoking Areas, including e-cigarettes
Yosemite	MODESTO	F	Perimeter (20-ft or more)



REGION 6

Includes the following Counties:
Los Angeles (Part), San Luis Obispo,
Santa Barbara, Ventura

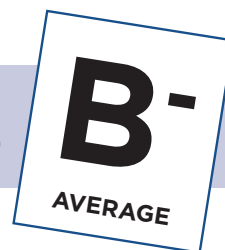
B+
AVERAGE

District	College Name	Grade	Policy Type
Allan Hancock	ALLAN HANCOCK	D	Designated Smoking Areas, including e-cigarettes
Antelope Valley	ANTELOPE VALLEY	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
San Luis Obispo County	CUESTA	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Santa Barbara	SANTA BARBARA CITY	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Santa Clarita	COLLEGE OF THE CANYONS	D	Designated Smoking Areas, including e-cigarettes
Ventura County	MOORPARK	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Ventura County	OXNARD	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Ventura County	VENTURA	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
West Kern	TAFT	D	Designated Smoking Areas, including e-cigarettes



REGION 7

Includes the following Counties:
Los Angeles (Part)



District	College Name	Grade	Policy Type
El Camino	COMPTON	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
El Camino	EL CAMINO	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Glendale	GLENDALE	A	100% Smoke-Free, including e-cigarettes
Los Angeles	EAST LOS ANGELES	A	100% Smoke-Free, including e-cigarettes
Los Angeles	LOS ANGELES CITY	A	100% Smoke-Free, including e-cigarettes
Los Angeles	LOS ANGELES HARBOR	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Los Angeles	LOS ANGELES MISSION	D	Designated Smoking Areas, including e-cigarettes
Los Angeles	LOS ANGELES PIERCE	C	Parking Lots, including e-cigarettes
Los Angeles	LOS ANGELES SOUTHWEST	F	Perimeter (20-ft or more), including e-cigarettes
Los Angeles	LOS ANGELES TRADE-TECH	D	Designated Smoking Areas, including e-cigarettes
Los Angeles	LOS ANGELES VALLEY	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Los Angeles	WEST LOS ANGELES	D	Designated Smoking Areas, including e-cigarettes
Pasadena Area	PASADENA CITY	A	100% Smoke-Free, including e-cigarettes
Santa Monica	SANTA MONICA	D	Designated Smoking Areas, including e-cigarettes



REGION 8

Includes the following Counties:
Los Angeles (Part), Orange



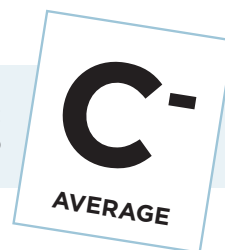
	District	College Name	Grade	Policy Type
☀	Cerritos	CERRITOS	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
	Citrus	CITRUS	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
☀	Coast	COASTLINE	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
	Coast	GOLDEN WEST	C	Parking Lots, including e-cigarettes
☀	Coast	ORANGE COAST	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
	Long Beach	LONG BEACH CITY	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free including e-cigarettes
	Mt. San Antonio	MT. SAN ANTONIO	D	Designated Smoking Areas, including e-cigarettes
	North Orange County	CYPRESS	F	Perimeter (20-ft or more), including e-cigarettes
	North Orange County	FULLERTON	A	100% Smoke-Free, including E-cigarettes
	Rancho Santiago	SANTA ANA	C	Parking Lots, including e-cigarettes
	Rancho Santiago	SANTIAGO CANYON	C	Parking Lots, including e-cigarettes
	Rio Hondo	RIO HONDO	D	Designated Smoking Areas, including e-cigarettes
	South Orange County	IRVINE VALLEY	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
	South Orange County	SADDLEBACK	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes

☀ Denotes campus has adopted policy this academic year



REGION 9

Includes the following Counties:
Riverside, San Bernadino



District	College Name	Grade	Policy Type
Barstow	BARSTOW	F	Perimeter (20-ft or more)
Chaffey	CHAFFEY	D	Designated Smoking Areas, including e-cigarettes
Copper Mountain	COPPER MOUNTAIN	D	Designated Smoking Areas, including e-cigarettes
Desert	COLLEGE OF THE DESERT	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Kern	CERRO COSO	F	No policy/less than state law
Mt. San Jacinto	MT. SAN JACINTO	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Palo Verde	PALO VERDE	F	Perimeter (20-ft or more)
Riverside	MORENO VALLEY	A	100% Smoke-Free, including e-cigarettes
Riverside	NORCO	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Riverside	RIVERSIDE CITY	A	100% Smoke-Free, including e-cigarettes
San Bernardino	CRAFTON HILLS	D	Designated Smoking Areas, including e-cigarettes
San Bernardino	SAN BERNARDINO VALLEY	D	Designated Smoking Areas, including e-cigarettes
Victor Valley	VICTOR VALLEY	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes



REGION 10

Includes the following Counties:
Imperial, San Diego



District	College Name	Grade	Policy Type
Grossmont-Cuyamaca CCD	CUYAMACA	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Grossmont-Cuyamaca CCD	GROSSMONT	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Imperial Valley CCD	IMPERIAL VALLEY	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
MiraCosta CCD	MIRACOSTA	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Palomar CCD	PALOMAR	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
San Diego CCD	SAN DIEGO CITY	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
San Diego CCD	SAN DIEGO MESA	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
San Diego CCD	SAN DIEGO MIRAMAR	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes
Southwestern CCD	SOUTHWESTERN	A+	100% Smoke/Tobacco-Free, including e-cigarettes

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APPENDIX E

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Report Authors



California Youth Advocacy Network (CYAN) provides training and technical assistance to individuals, organizations, and coalitions advocating for tobacco-free communities. CYAN works with youth, young adults, services members, and all those working with these populations on any tobacco-related issue.



It is the mission of COUGH, a statewide student-led coalition, to ensure a healthy campus environment free of tobacco and tobacco industry presence. COUGH is committed to promoting, establishing, and sustaining safer and healthier California colleges and universities through tobacco-free policy, education, and cessation.



www.cyanonline.org
www.CATobaccoFreeColleges.org



SAC Smoke-Free Campus Committee



Show of Support for the SAC ASG "100% Smoke, Vape, and Tobacco-Free District Policy" Resolution

Name	Title (Student/Faculty/Staff)	ID Last 4 Digits (Student/Employee ID)
Lonnie Alarcon	student	5669
Karina Padilla	student	7936
Choultre Michel	student	4137
Abdulio Victorio	Student	1648
Christopher Armenta	Student	1667
JOHN LU	student	2204972
Sofia Chavez	Student	4943
Bryan Rodriguez	student	4940
Stacy Garcia	student	2119
Ethan Draper	Student	2918
Andrea Valenzuela	student	5709
Kaiden Raif	student	7426
Luis Calkron	student	2160930
Maria A Garcia	student	2454240
Brianna M. Entener	student	2450178
Ney Young	Student	91418746323



SAC Smoke-Free Campus Committee



Show of Support for the SAC ASG "100% Smoke, Vape, and Tobacco-Free District Policy" Resolution

Name	Title (Student/Faculty/Staff)	ID Last 4 Digits (Student/Employee ID)
Julia Lockman	student	Julia
Joseph Arriaga	student	
Juan Velez	student	2650
Alondra Robles	student	2157
Emma Manciuvez	Student	8620
Lorena Hernandez	student	2212137
Evelyn Mani	Student	1932564
Alma Oroico	student	45125
Alek Diaz	Student	2202312
Carrie Graham	student	1786
Kenneth Estrella	student	2499749
Alejandro Aguilar	Student	2425541
Guadalupe Tapia	student	
Kimberly Hernandez	student	2367007
Beverly Ramos	student	2590876
Ayala Perez	student	2511099



SAC Smoke-Free Campus Committee



Show of Support for the SAC ASG "100% Smoke, Vape, and Tobacco-Free District Policy" Resolution

Name	Title (Student/Faculty/Staff)	ID Last 4 Digits (Student/Employee ID)
Leonardo De Andin	Student	2515194
Gustavo Burgos	Student	2288290
Julie Roman	Student	2242057
Shi Yu Li	student	2508025
Bao Long Truong	Student	2486037
Elizabeth Cespedes	Student	2326440
Angela Surran	Student	2364947
Judith Miguel	Student	2365005
Zaborah Sanchez	Student	2364888
Jose Garcia	student	2377216
Natalie Mudoza	student	
Ashley Guinones	Student	2364912
Ashley Navarro	Student	2364939
Elizabeth Elias	student	1967861
Brian Enriquez	student	2515145
Alfonso Torres Jimenez	Student	2395892



SAC Smoke-Free Campus Committee



**Show of Support for the
SAC ASG "100% Smoke, Vape, and Tobacco-Free District Policy" Resolution**

Name	Title (Student/Faculty/Staff)	ID Last 4 Digits (Student/Employee ID)
Bryan Martinez		
Lea Choem	Student	5419
Luis Palacios	Student	
Alan Garano	Student	5011
Jennifer Garcia	Student	4894
~~~~~		2709
Michael Miramonte	Student	1711
Randall Vega	Student	
Fernanda Bedolla	Student	2426533
Brenda Rodriguez	Student	1310
Paula Marquez	Student	3726
Brisa Santiago	Student	7924
Leslie Farfan	Student	5567
Ana Serrano	Student	7516
Ruth Obineque	Student	
Sujeiry Vasquez	Student	9353



**SAC Smoke-Free Campus Committee**



**Show of Support for the**

**SAC ASG "100% Smoke, Vape, and Tobacco-Free District Policy" Resolution**

Name	Title (Student/Faculty/Staff)	ID Last 4 Digits (Student/Employee ID)
jacqueline olivera	student	4631
Michael Hugh	student	
Lizette Rodriguez	student	
Erick Torres	Student	
Lalita Kumar	Student	2095
ALEXANDER LEMUS	student	255466
Andrew Ibarra	Student	
Jacqueline De Los Santos	Student	2537653
Anyia Moore	student	2353611
Laura Lara	Student	# 2472505
Brenda Gonzalez	Student	2423331
Ngoc Hong Nh.To	Student	2537127
Francisco Solis Olivares	Student	2772914
Tiana Nguyen	Student	2594931
Eliazar Ros	Student	2576093
Ducal Fernandez	Student	2328944





## SAC Smoke-Free Campus Committee



### Show of Support for the SAC ASG "100% Smoke, Vape, and Tobacco-Free District Policy" Resolution

Name	Title (Student/Faculty/Staff)	ID Last 4 Digits (Student/Employee ID)
Lina Gorgious	Student	2254500
Beatriz Fuentes	Student	2563044
William Gallegos	Student	2391555
Jenifer Rincon	student	2471601
Wendy Millan	Student	2502052
Beatriz Noguera	student	1563201
Jonathan Cogoli	Student	2469599
Evilva Camarena	Student	1587011
Kevin Mosqueda	Student	8341
Jennifer Lopez	Student	2431744
Bryanna Rodriguez	Student	2431647
Susana Giles	Student	245691
Kaylee Fuentes	Student	2958564
Markin cork	Student	1821
Cullen Cook	Student	—



<b>Cessation Service Options</b>		
<b>1-800-No-Butts</b>	<b>AHMC New Lung</b>	<b>Become An Ex</b>
California Smoker's Helpline Free State wide helpline – evidence based	Free county services provided by Anaheim Memorial & St. Josephs	Free – developed by Mayo Clinic & Truth Initiative
Tel: 1-800-No-BUTTS (987- 2908) Website: www.nobutts.org	Tel: 1-866-New-Lung (639- 5864)	Website: www.becomeanex.org
Telephone counseling in multiple languages  Texting Program  Chat Now  *Enroll online or by telephone	3 options of service delivery 1. Traditional – 5 session class series, must attend all classes to receive NRT 2. Telephone counseling – 1 hour & receive patches through mail 3. Seminar – one 90 minute session or two 45 minutes	Instant access with mobile digital platform  Customized quit plan  Text messages to help quit smoking or vaping – <b>This is Quitting</b>
Nicotine Replacement Therapy (NRT) eligible – eligibility requirements unknown. Eligibility is provide during Intake via Chat/Telephone	Nicotine Replacement Therapy for Free – 2 week supply at a time. Can receive more NRT if different module course is completed. Max of 6 week supply.	Nicotine Replacement Therapy unknown
Self Help Materials	Podcast – Sound Cloud	Social community outreach
<b>Pros:</b> Free, evidence based, chat option, multiple languages  <b>Cons:</b> intake is approximately 20 minutes, uncertainty of receiving NRT	<b>Pros:</b> Free, Free NRT, variety of options, access to podcast, local meeting sessions  <b>Cons:</b> traditional option times may not work with your schedule	<b>Pros:</b> Free, easy access, evidence based, can be specific to e-cigs  <b>Cons:</b> uncertainty of receiving NRT

## Quick Facts:

**Who:**  
You! Students, Staff,  
Faculty

**What:**  
Be a part of a  
subcommittee,  
attend meetings,  
participate in  
events, raise  
awareness, and  
promote district-  
wide legislation

**When:**  
Wednesdays,  
1:00pm to 2:00pm

**Where:**  
Zoom (Virtual)  
Meeting ID: 951 7235 2234

**Why:**  
Make our campus  
and district safe  
and welcoming to  
ALL students

## Visit Us:

 **LinkedIn:**  
[linkedin.com/in/sfcc1](https://www.linkedin.com/in/sfcc1)

 **Instagram:**  
[@smokefreesac](https://www.instagram.com/smokefreesac)

 **Facebook:**  
[@smokefreesac](https://www.facebook.com/smokefreesac)



# SAC SMOKE-FREE CAMPUS COMMITTEE

**Our Mission: To make Santa Ana  
College and the RSCCD District  
100% Smoke-, Vape-, and  
Tobacco-Free**

## Why should I care?

- Keep our students, staff, and visitors safe from second-hand smoke inhalation
- Supportive environment for people trying to quit smoking
- Promote smoke-free lifestyle to lower the Young Adult Smoking Rate

## What do I get out of this?

- Leadership Experience (looks great on college apps)
- Be part of passing a district policy
- Perks: free t-shirts, free food at events, merch, etc.

## How can I join?

Email us at [smokefreesac@gmail.com](mailto:smokefreesac@gmail.com)





# RSCCD 100% Smoke, Vape, and Tobacco-Free (SVTF) District Policy

Presented by The ASGSAC Smoke-Free Campus Committee

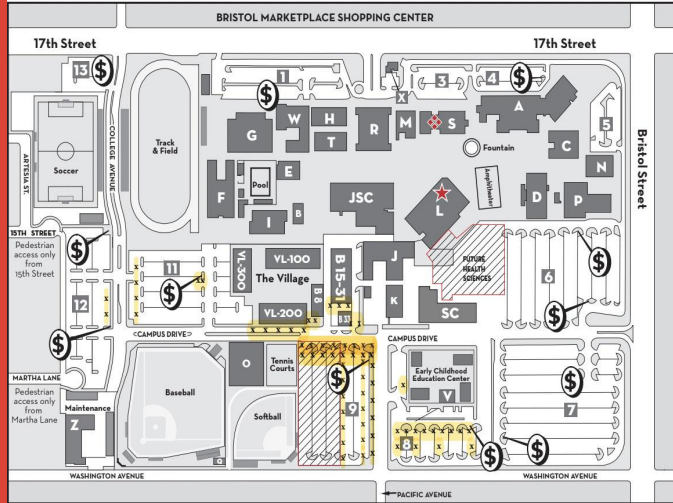
## Existing Policy

- According to RSCCD AR 3570, the district allows smoking, vaping, and tobacco-usage in “in designated parking lot areas and [not] within 20 feet of entrances, exits, and operable windows.”¹
- Confusing and not clearly communicated to general population of SAC
- Exposes students, staff, and faculty to second-hand smoke entering campus
- Parking lots’ proximity to buildings and facilities

# Evidence

CIGARETTE CLEAN-UP

Total Items Collected: 198







Cigarettes in the parking lot right outside of the Administration building, where students frequent.





Cigarette butt in the parking lot outside of SAC's Early Childhood Education Center; 3-5 years olds are being exposed to second-hand smoke.



Visitors line up for COVID vaccines right next to parking lot, which are littered with cigarette butts like the one shown.

## Potential New Policy: 100% SVTF

- Makes all district property (campus, facilities, parking lots for both SAC and SCC) 100% smoke-free, vape-free, and tobacco-free
- Non-disciplinary enforcement
- Signage set up to show that SAC is a 100% SVTF campus
- Emphasis on providing resources



## Why we should go 100% SVTF

- Students' exposure → fosters environment to pick up smoking
- Reduces/eliminates secondhand smoke exposure
- Supports those trying to quit
- COVID-19
- Environment and Sustainability
- Improves SAC's appeal (recruitment & enrollment)

## Precedent for 100% SVTF

- 60% of California Community Colleges have adopted 100% SVTF policies
- All CSUs and UCs are 100% SVTF campuses
- SCC has passed 100% SVTF resolution through College Council
- SAC and RSCCD policy is currently graded as C (75% smoke-free)

# Support for Change

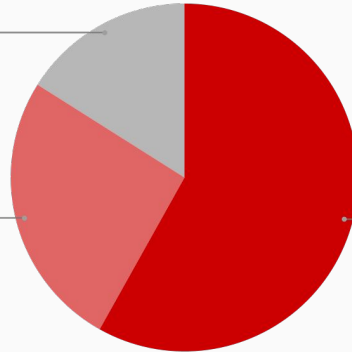
## Support for 100% SVTF District Policy⁶

RSCCD Districtwide Survey "Assessment of Smoking and Tobacco, 2019"

**Not Support**  
16.0%

**Neutral**  
25.8%

4,241 Answered  
21 Skipped



**Support**  
58.1%

4,262 total survey responses from students, staff, & faculty from all RSCCD campuses, departments, & offices

### Running List of Endorsements/Support:

- SAC ASG (unanimously & fully approved/endorsed)
- SAC Health and Wellness Center
- SAC Student Life Office
- 2 SAC Clubs (of 6 ratified)*
  - SAC Anime Circle
  - Phi Theta Kappa
- RSCCD Student Trustee
- SCC ASG
- SCC Academic Senate
- SCC College Council

**Presenting to the others over the upcoming weeks*

# Support for Change (Cont.)

## Clubs & Orgs. Endorsements


To Whom It May Concern:

I, Angel Torres, President of the SAC Anime Club, on behalf of the students of SAC Anime Club, am writing this letter to show our official support and endorsement for the Santa Ana College Associated Student Government Resolution #20-21-01 "100% Smoke, Vape, and Tobacco-Free District Policy."


The SAC Anime Circle is in full support of creating a district-wide policy to make all campuses and district property 100% Smoke-Free, Vape-Free, and Tobacco-Free, because no one in the club smokes or vapes, and we are tired of smoke polluting our fresh air on campus.

Date of Vote: September 28th, 2021    Votes in Favor: 10    Votes Against: 0    Abstentions: 0

Sincerely,  
Angel Torres



Authorized by:

President: Angel Torres  Date: 10/01/2021  
Name Signature mm/dd/yyyy

2nd: ICC Rep Bailey Filizgerald  Date: 10/01/2021  
Title Name Signature mm/dd/yyyy

## Student Letters of Support

To whom it may concern,

My name is Nabel Martinez. I am a freshman at Santa Ana College, pursuing to major in Nursing. I am writing to you to make my support be heard regarding the 100% Smoke and Tobacco-Free campus policy for our Rancho Santiago Community College District. A smoke-free campus will promote the importance of the health of students, staff, and faculties.

As an incoming freshman here at Santa Ana College, in the beginning, I had in mind that the campus would be smoke-free considering my previous school emphasized on this. During my first day here at Santa Ana College, one of the first things I noticed while walking towards the school, was the smell of cigarette smoke. It was unfortunate that this would be my first impression of my new school and possibly become other students first impression as well.

That is why, I am asking for you to vote in favor of the 100% Smoke and Tobacco-Free campus policy for our Rancho Santiago Community College District. It's important to implement the several ways that tobacco can have a serious influence on students and can lead to an unhealthy addiction.

Best,

Nabel Martinez  
  
[m07124@student-sac.edu](mailto:m07124@student-sac.edu)  
611 N Bristol St, #8  
Santa Ana, CA 92703

## RSCCD Student Trustee Support

To whom it may concern,

I, Elisabeth Neely, the Student Trustee for Santa Ana and Santiago Canyon Community Colleges, advocate for and support a Smoke, Vape, and Tobacco Free District Board Policy to be established and implemented.

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has designated secondhand smoke to be a group A carcinogen, where there is significant evidence that the substance causes cancer in humans; and the Surgeon General has established that there is, "no safe level of secondhand smoke exposure." In addition, people with or without medical conditions such as asthma, allergies, and other chronic illnesses experience worsening health outcomes as a result of smoke exposure.

According to a 2019 Rancho Santiago Community College District (RSCCD) survey, 63% of RSCCD students stated that they have had a negative experience caused by secondhand smoke, 58% of students were in favor of a Smoke, Vape, and Tobacco Free (SVTF) district board policy, and 64% of students stated that the current smoking policy at RSCCD was only somewhat or not effective.

It is the desire of the students, whose support continues to grow, for this policy to be established and implemented in both Santa Ana and Santiago Canyon Community Colleges. Please reach out if you need anything else from me.

Respectfully,  
Elisabeth Neely



RSCCD Student Trustee

## Future Plans

- Updating signage
- Campus Cigarette Clean-Ups
- Expanding Smoke-Free Campus Committee to have ambassadors on campus educating people of new policy

# References

1. Vice Chancellor of Human Resources and Vice Presidents of Administrative Services and Student Services, et al. (2016). *AR 3570 Smoking and Tobacco Use in District Facilities and Vehicles*. Rancho Santiago Community College District ADMINISTRATIVE REGULATION, Chapter 3. <https://rsccd.edu/Trustees/Documents/ARs/ARs-Chapter%203/AR%203570%20Smoking%20and%20Tobacco%20Use%20in%20District%20Facilities%20and%20Vehicles.pdf>
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4. *What it's like to quit smoking*. U.S. Food & Drug Administration (2021). <https://www.fda.gov/tobacco-products/health-effects-tobacco-use/what-its-quit-smoking>
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4. Vice Chancellor of Human Resources and Vice Presidents of Administrative Services and Student Services, et al. (2016). *AR 3570 Smoking and Tobacco Use in District Facilities and Vehicles*. Rancho Santiago Community College District ADMINISTRATIVE REGULATION, Chapter 3. <https://rscgd.edu/Trustees/Documents/ARs/ARs-Chapter%203/AR%203570%20Smoking%20and%20Tobacco%20Use%20in%20District%20Facilities%20and%20Vehicles.pdf>
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7. *What it's like to quit smoking*. U.S. Food & Drug Administration (2021). <https://www.fda.gov/tobacco-products/health-effects-tobacco-use/what-its-quit-smoking>
8. Curley, B. (2020). *Can secondhand smoke transmit the novel coronavirus?* Healthline. <https://www.healthline.com/health-news/can-secondhand-smoke-transmit-the-novel-coronavirus>
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