## Molecular Geometry

VSEPR Theory:

- Valence Shell Electron Pair Repulsion Theory.
- Attempts to predict the shape of a molecule by assuming that all electron groups (bonds, lone pairs) are as far away from each other as they can be.
- What counts as an electron group?
  - $\circ$  1 single bond
  - $\circ$  1 double bond
  - $\circ$  1 triple bond
  - o 1 lone pair
- The "AXE" notation:
  - A shorthand for the different shapes
  - "A" represents the central atom
  - "X" represents the atoms bonded to the central atom
  - "E" represents the lone pairs
- How to predict the shape of a molecule
  - $\circ$   $\;$  Count the number of electron groups around the central atom
  - This will be your Electron Group Geometry. You can think of it as the "starting shape"
    - 2 EG: Linear
    - 3 EG: Trigonal Planar
    - 4 EG: Tetrahedral
  - Count how many of those electron groups are lone pairs
  - This will be your Molecular Geometry. You can think of it as the "actual shape"
  - 3 EG
    - 3 bonded atoms (AX<sub>3</sub>): Trigonal planar (angle 120)
    - 2 bonded atoms, 1 lone pair (AX<sub>2</sub>E): Bent (angle less than 120)
  - 4 EG
    - 4 bonded atoms (AX<sub>4</sub>): Tetrahedral (angle 109.5)
    - 3 bonded atoms, one lone pair (AX<sub>3</sub>E): Trigonal pyramidal (angle 109.5)
    - 2 bonded atoms, two lone pairs (AX<sub>2</sub>E): Bent (angle less than 109.5)